ASSET MANAGEMENT LTD.

HBL Investment Fund (FORMERLY PICIC INVESTMENT FUND) Annual Report 2017-18

MOVING TOWARDS EXCELLENCE

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OUR VISION

Enabling people to advance with confidence and success.

OUR -MSSION our staff excel and to create value for our stakeholders

To make our Investor (s) prosper, our staff excel and

PROGRESSIVENESS

We believe in the advancement of society through the adoption of enlightened working practice, innovative new products and processes and a spirit of enterprise.

MERITOCRACY

We believe in giving opportunities and advantages to our employees on the basis of their ability. We believe in rewarding achievement and in providing first class career opportunities for all.

OUR CORPORATE VALUES

Our values are based upon the fundamental principles that define our culture and are brought to life in our attitude and behavior. It is our values that make us unique and stem from five basic principles.

EXCELLENCE

The markets in which we operate are becoming increasingly competitive and our investors now have an abundance of choice. Only through being the very best in terms of the service we offer, our product and premises - can we hope to be successful and grow.

Customer Focus

We need to understand fully the need of our investors and to adopt our product and services to meet these. We must strive always to put the satisfaction of our Investor first.

INTEGRITY

We are an Asset Management Company in Pakistan and our success depends upon the performance of the Fund(s) which are under management and our investors and society in general expect us to possess and steadfastly adhere to high moral principles and professional standards.

Management Company HBL Asset Management Limited

Board of Directors

Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal (Non-Executive Director)	
Audit Committee	
Chairman Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi (Independent Director)	
Members Ms. Ava Ardeshir Cowasjee (Independent Director)	
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar (Independent Director)	
Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal (Non-Executive Director) Mr. Rizwan Haider (Non-Executive Director)	
Human Resource Committee	
Chairman Mr. Agha Sher Shah (Independent Director)	
Members Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan (Executive Director / CEO)	
Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi (Independent Director) Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal (Non-Executive Director)	
Risk Management Committee	
Chairman Mr. Rizwan Haider (Non-Executive Director)	
Members Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan (Executive Director / CEO)	
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar (Independent Director)	
Company Secretary &	
Chief Financial Officer Mr. Noman Qurban	
AMC Rating AM2+ (Stable Outlook)	
Legal AdvisorsMandviwalla & Zafar, Advocates and Legal Consultants, Mandviwalla Chambers, C-15, Block-2, Clifton, Karachi.	
Website www.hblasset.com	
Head Office & Registered Office 7th Floor, Emerald Tower, G-19, Block-5, Main Clifton Road, Clifton, Karachi	

FUND INFORMATION

NAME OF FUND	HBL INVESTMENT FUND (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund)
NAME OF AUDITOR	Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants
NAME OF TRUSTEE	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited.
NAME OF BANKERS	MCB Bank Limited JS Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited

The Board of Directors of HBL Asset Management Limited, the Management Company of HBL Investment Fund (Formerly: PICIC Investment Fund) is pleased to present the 14th Annual Report of the HBL Investment Fund.

Economic Review

Pakistan's economy sustained its growth trajectory in FY18 with substantial increase in aggregate demand leading to higher external account risks. The challenges faced by the economy largely remained un-mitigated in midst of higher international oil prices which aggravated current account deficit recently (mainly in 4QFY18). More recent policy steps (PKR depreciation, interest rate increase and imposition of duty on import products) would likely yield some results while we foresee continuation of stringent policy measures in FY19 as well.

GDP growth remained impressive at 5.8% in FY18 compared to 5.4% in the year before and the growth rate was the highest in the past 13 years. Key factors behind the higher GDP growth rate was a turnaround in the agricultural sector, which posted 3.8% growth vs. just 2.1% growth in the previous year; meanwhile, industrial growth came in at 5.8% and services sector posted growth of 6.4%. Large-scale manufacturing (LSM) posted 6b.0% YoY growth during 11MFY18 mainly led by Electronics (+36.0%), Iron & Steel Products (+22.0%), Automobiles (+18.0%) and Non-metallic Mineral Products (+11.9%). Average Inflation during FY18 was muted at 3.92%. However, inflation picked up at the end of year as head line inflation and core inflation was recorded at 5.2% and 7.1% respectively for the month of Jun-18. This uptick in inflation was due to higher international oil prices and three rounds of rupee deprecation. PKR depreciated by 5.0% against US dollar during Jun-18, taking cumulative FY18 PKR depreciation to 16.0%.

The fiscal deficit exhibited a deterioration in 9MFY18 where the fiscal deficit-to-GDP ratio rose to 4.3% from 3.9%. During the year, faster economic growth caused imbalances on the external front with FY18 current account deficit soaring to USD 18.0bn (5.7% of GDP) compared to USD 12.6bn (4.1% of GDP) in FY17. In FY18, import of goods and services surged by 14.7% YoY to USD 66.2bn while exports grew by 12.6% to USD 30.0bn resulting in a trade deficit of USD 36.2bn vs USD 31bn during FY17. Remittances showed a nominal increase of 1.4% to USD 19.6bn due to decline in remittances from the Middle East countries. As a result, SBP forex reserves decreased by USD 6.4bn since Jun-17 to reach USD 9.8bn at the end of FY18.

Going forward, continuation of stringent policy measures is expected with focus towards monetary and fiscal tightening and import curtailment as external account risks remain high.

Money Market Review

During the year the Interest rate cycle started its reversal as central bank focus diverted towards containing rising twin deficits rising inflation due to lack of fiscal discipline in election times. During the year, secondary market yields of 3, 5 and 10-year PIBs increased by 180, 171 and 86 bps respectively while yields of 3, 6 and 12 month T-Bills increased by 79, 90 and 116 bps respectively. Government of Pakistan raised only PKR 96bn through the PIB auction against a target of PKR 900bn as eight PIB auctions were scrapped in the year due to lack of interest. The last cut-off yields stood at 7.5000%, 8.4795% and 8.6999% p.a. for 3, 5 and 10-year PIBs respectively. Overall trading in longer tenors remained lackluster due to market participants' consensus of increase in interest rates.

During FY18, Government retired PKR 77bn from scheduled banks against borrowing of PKR 179bn during same period last year due to multiple scrapped PIB Auctions. Meanwhile, Government borrowing from SBP increased by PKR 1,439bn during the period against PKR 908bn during same period last year. Government largely managed its borrowing requirements through domestic sources and raised PKR 16,894bn via T-bills (excluding NCB) compared to the cumulative target of PKR 16,925bn and maturities of PKR 15,971bn.

SBP increased the policy rate by 25bps in January and a further 50bps in May to 6.50% to control aggregate demand and the current account deficit. Since then the SBP has further increased policy rate by 100bps in Jul-18 MPS. Going forward, we foresee another interest rate hike of 50bps in the calendar year on the back of increasing inflation expectation and sustainability of current account risks.

Stock Market Review

Pakistan Equities witnessed a topsy-turvy ride during FY18 underlined by disappointing foreign flows (after MSCI upgrade), political uncertainty following the ouster of ex-PM, macroeconomic challenges and speculations relating to recently concluded general elections.

KSE100 Index shed 4,654 points during the fiscal year to close at 41,911 points, reflecting a decline of 10%. Despite market expectation of strong foreign inflows following Pakistan's inclusion in the MSCI Emerging Markets, foreign investors continued to remain net sellers and sold stocks worth USD289mn. Within local investors, insurance companies and corporates bought

equities of USD204mn and USD100mn respectively while Mutual funds divested equities of USD35mn during the year. On the political front, Ex-Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif was disqualified by Supreme Court in Jul-17 which further marred investor sentiment. Moreover, economic concerns increased due to rising twin deficits followed by stringent policy measures by the government (16% PKR depreciation and 75bps increase in interest rates).

The Cement and Banking sector led the rout in the benchmark index, causing attrition of 2,288 points and 1,083 points respectively. The decline in cements was caused by the fears of a price war in the sector as upcoming expansions could lead to an oversupply situation particularly in the Southern region. Investor sentiment was reflected in poor price performance of DGKC and LUCK which fell 44% and 37% YoY respectively. In the banking sector, large banks caused underperformance where HBL, UBL and NBP fell 37%, 23% and 20% owing to regulatory concerns, pension provisions and other legal issues. Meanwhile mid-tier banks outperformed the index buoyed by rising interest rate environment which is expected to lead to margin expansion.

Oil & Gas Exploration and Production sector defied overall trend during FY18 and posted strong gains. The sector contributed 1,628 points to the market owing to 66% increase in International Oil Prices and 16% PKR depreciation. The outperformance was led by POL and PPL posting returns of 58% and 53% against SPLY.

Going forward, Pakistan equities are expected to rebound with restoration of political stability (after General Elections), gradual improvement in macroeconomic trends and potential revival of foreign investor interest after steep PKR depreciation.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial results of HBL Investment Fund for the year under review are summarized as under:

	(Rupees in '000')
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	357,436
Net Loss after taxation for the year	(358,696)
Amount available for appropriation	(1,260)
Appropriation: Final Dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017 @ 1.35%	(383,569)
Accumulated profit carried forward	(384,829)
Loss per certificate (Rupees)	(1.26)

During the period under review total loss stood at Rs. 198 million including unrealized loss of Rs. 155 million (2017: unrealized gain of Rs. 438 million) as compared to a total income of Rs. 977 million reported for the corresponding period.

Realized capital loss during the period stood at Rs. 381 million as compared to realized capital gain of Rs. 281 million in the corresponding period. The dividend income during the period stood at Rs. 304 million as compared to Rs243 million in the corresponding period.

Total expenditure during the period stood at Rs160 million as compared to Rs168 million during the corresponding period.

Tax provision for the current year amounted to NIL due to tax exemption under Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and Regulation 63 of NBFC & NE Regulations, 2008.

The Fund incurred a net loss of Rs. 359 million for the period as compared to net profit of Rs. 848 million reported for the corresponding period. This translates into loss per certificate of Rs. 1.26 for the period as compared to earning per certificate of Rs. 2.98 in the corresponding period.

The net assets decreased from Rs. 6,331 million as on June 30, 2017 to Rs. 5,435 million as on June 30, 2018 and accordingly the net asset value per certificate decreased from Rs. 22.28 per certificate as on June 30, 2017 to Rs. 19.13 per certificate as on June 30, 2018.

INCOME DISTRIBUTION

The Board of Directors of HBL Asset Management Limited (the Management Company) has declared NIL distribution from HBL Investment Fund (Formerly: PICIC Investment Fund) for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Compliance with the Regulation 65 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

As per Regulation 65 of the NBFC Regulations, all closed end funds were required to be converted into open end schemes upon expiry of five years from November 21, 2007 i.e. by November 21, 2012. However Closed end funds whose portfolios were frozen as a result of Consent Agreements with Government of Pakistan were allowed to be converted into open end schemes within three months from the date of the removal of the freezing of the portfolios. Since the Fund has Frozen Portfolio comprising shares of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited, its conversion into an open end scheme was deferred.

During the year, the Board of the Management Company of the Fund approved the Conversion Plan (the Plan) of the fund for the conversion of the Fund into an Open End Scheme. For this purpose, the Plan was presented to and approved by the Certificate Holders of the Fund in its General Meeting dated January 10, 2018. The Plan was also approved by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (the Commission) on February 16, 2018.

Subsequently, the Replacement Trust Deed and Replacement Offering Document were approved by the Commission. The Fund has been registered as open-ended Fund notified entity under Regulation 44 of NBFC Regulations, 2008 on June 7, 2018. As per the approved Plan, the conversion took place on July 2, 2018 and every Certificate Holder of the closed end fund was entitled to following for each certificate held;

- i. One Class-A Unit of the Fund was issued to every Certificate Holders of Fund for each certificate held representing Frozen Portfolio and related assets and liabilities.
- ii. One Class-B Unit of the Fund was issued to the every Certificate Holder of Fund for each certificate held representing Unfrozen Portfolio and related assets and liabilities.

This matter is fully disclosed in note 1.5 of the financial statements of the Fund.

Management Company Quality Rating

The JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited (JCR-VIS) has maintained management quality rating of 'AM2+ (stable outlook)' to the Management Company.

Disclosures in Compliance with Listed Companies Corporate Governance Regulations

This part of the Directors' report to certificate-holders is given as required under Chapter XIII and other provisions of the Listed Companies Corporate Governance Regulations, 2017:

Composition of the Board:

Total No. of Directors:

a) b)	Male: Female:	6 1
Com	position:	
a)	Independent Directors:	4
b)	Other Nonexecutive Directors:	2
c)	Executive Directors:	1

Committees of the Board:

Board Audit Committee

The composition is as follows:

Name	Status
Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi	Chairman. Appointed as member effective from Apr 11, 2018.
Mr. Rizwan Haider	Member
Ms. Ava A. Cowasjee	Member
Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal	Member. Appointed as member effective from Oct 9, 2017.
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar	Member. Appointed as member effective from Apr11, 2018.
Mr. Nadeem Abdullah	Resigned from Board effective from Feb 26, 2018.

Board Human Resource and Remuneration Committee (HR&R)

The composition is as follows:

Name	Status
Mr. Aga Sher shah	Chairman. Appointed as member effective from Feb 20, 2018.
Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal	Member
Mr. Farid Ahmed Khand	Member.
Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy	Resigned from Board effective from Nov 23, 2017.
Mr. Shabbir Hussain	Member. Appointed as member effective from Aug 24,
Hashmi	2018.

Board Risk Management Committee (BRMC)

The composition is as follows:

Name	Status
Mr. Rizwan Haider	Chairman
Mr. Farid Ahmed	Member
Khan	
Mr. Shahid Ghaffar	Member. Appointed as member effective from Feb 20,
	2018.
Mr. Salah Uddin	Resigned from Board effective from Nov 30, 2017.
Manzoor	

Remuneration of the Non-Executive & Independent Directors of the Board of Management Company:

The Fund does not pay any remuneration to the Directors of the Management Company. The remuneration to the Directors is paid by the Management Company.

Disclosure of company's risk framework and internal control system:

The overall responsibility of overseeing risk management processes lies with the Board of Directors. This includes risk management and internal control procedures. The Company's risk management processes are designed to safeguard its assets and address possible risks to its Business, including possible impacts on business continuity. The documented processes are subject to regular review. Identified risks which could potentially affect the achievement of strategic, operational, financial and/or compliance objectives are promptly reported to the Board and senior management, allowing them to take timely action where required, to ensure the Company's operations continue smoothly.

The company has a clear organizational structure with a well-defined chain of authority. The Board has formed a Risk and Investment Committee which is responsible for defining the policies for monitoring and review of all material controls, including financial and operational compliance. The Board has also approved well defined Risk Policy which ensures that risk mitigation measures are robust with well-defined roles and responsibilities. The senior management team is responsible for implementing procedures, monitoring risk and assessing the effectiveness of various controls.

AUDITORS

M/s Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants existing auditors of HBL Investment Fund have retired. The Board of Directors would consider the matter of the appointment of auditors in due course of time.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Finally, we once again avail this opportunity to thank all our valued certificate holders and correspondents for their continuing patronage and support. We would also like to thank the Ministry of Finance, Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, State Bank of Pakistan, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (Trustee), National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited and other regulatory authorities, financial institutions and the auditors for their continued guidance and assistance. The Board also wishes to place on record its appreciation for the staff for their commitment and hard work and to the certificate-holders for the trust and confidence reposed in us.

On behalf of the Board of HBL Asset Management Limited

Chief Executive Officer

اینچ بی ایل انویسٹمنٹ فنڈ (سابق: پیک اک انویسٹمنٹ فنڈ) انتظامی کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ برائے سال مختمہ 30 جون2018 انتح بی ایل انویسٹیٹ فنڈ (سابق پک اک انویسٹیٹ فنڈ) کی انتظامی کمپنی انتح بی ایل ایسیٹ پنچنٹ کیڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹر بسرت انتح بی ایل انویسٹیٹ فنڈ کہ 1 دیں سالانہ رپورٹ بیش کررہے ہیں۔

معيشت كاجائزه

مالی سال 2018 میں پاکستان کی معاثی کارکردگی نے مجموعی طلب میں موزوں اضافے کے ساتھ شرح نمویس بہتری کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا جس کے نتیج میں بیرونی اکاؤنٹ کے خطرات بھی بڑھے۔ معیشت کودر پیش خطرات تیل کے بین الاقوامی نرخوں کے بلند سطح پرگا مزن رہنے کے باعث برقرار رہے جس سے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ حالیہ سطح پر مزید بڑھ گیا (بالخصوص مالی سال 18 کی چوتھی سہ ماہی میں)۔ مزید برآں حال ہی میں پالیسی اقد امات (پاک روپے کی قدر میں کمی، شرح سود میں اضافہ اور درآمدی مصنوعات پر ڈیوٹی کے نفاذ) سے مکنہ طور پر نشائج پھی ہتر خام ہوں گے جبکہ ہم مالی سال 2019 میں بھی تحق پالیسی اقد امات کا ور بیل بیں۔

مالى سال 2018 كے 6ماہ ميں مالياتى خسار سے ميں بگا ٹر ظاہر ہوا جہاں مالياتى خسارہ برائے جى ڈى پى كى شرح گزشتہ سال كى اى مدت كى 3.9 فيصد سے بڑھ كر 4.3 فيصد ہوگئى معيشت ميں تيز رفتار شرح نمو كے سال كے دوران بيرونى محاذ پر عدم توازن كا سامنار باس كے ساتھ مالى سال 2018 كا كرنے اكاؤنٹ خسارہ 18.0 بلين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%5.7) تك پنچ گيا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 ميں 12.6 بلين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%1.1) تحا مالى سال 2018 مين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%5.7) تك پنچ گيا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 ميں 12.6 بلين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%1.1) تحا مالى سال 2018 مين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%5.7) تك پنچ گيا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 ميں 12.6 بلين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%1.1) تحا مالى سال 2018 مين يواليں ڈالر (جى ڈى پى كا%5.7) تك پنچ گيا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 ميں 12.6 بلين يوالىں ڈالر (جى 2018 بلين يواليں ڈالر بولى ميں 2017 بلين يواليں ڈالر كا تجارتى خسارہ ہوا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 كے دوران 12.0 بلين يواليں ڈالر جلين يواليں ڈالر ہولى جى جى 2018 بلين يوالى دائر كا تجارتى خسارہ ہوا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 كے دوران 13.0 بلين يوالى ڈالر تول رئيں 14.0 بلين يوالى خال ہولى بلين يوالى دائر كا تجارتى خسارہ ہوا جواس كے مقابلے ميں مالى سال 2017 كے دوران 10.0 بلين يوالى ڈالر تول در ترسل 1.4 قيصد كے معمولى اضافے كے ساتھ 19.6 بلين يواليں ڈالر ہو جس كى وجہ شرق وسطى كے ممالك سے زرتر كيل ميں كى تي يوالى ڈالر ميں اسٹيٹ بينك آف پاكستان كے غير ملى درم ديا تول 2017 ہے 6.4 بلين يوالى ڈالر م ہوكر مالى سال 2018 كے اختام مكى تھى يوالى ڈالر

آگے بڑھتے ہوئے ہم کڑی پالیسی اقدامات کے تسلسل کے ساتھ مانیٹری اور مالیاتی نظم وضبط کے ضمن میں توجداور درآمدات میں کمی دیکھر بے جیں کیونکہ بیرونی اکاؤنٹ کے خطرات بدستور بلند سطح پر ہیں۔

بازارزركاجائزه

آگے بڑھتے ہوئے ہم افراط زر کی شرح میں اضافے کی توقع اور کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے کی موجودگی کے باعث آئندہ تقویمی سال میں شرح سود میں مزید 50 bps کااضافہ دیکھ رہے ہیں۔

بازار حصص کا جائزہ پاکستان ایکو ٹیز کو مایوس کن غیر ملکی زرمبادلہ کے بہاؤ (بعدازا MSC اپ گریڈ)، سابق وزیراعظم کے جانے کے بعد سیاس بیقینی، میکر واکنا کم چیلنجز اور حال ہی میں ختم ہونے والے عام انتخابات کے بارے میں مختلف قیاس آرائیوں کے باعث الٹ پلٹ اتار چڑھاؤ کا سامنار ہا۔

اسلامک- ایکویٹیزیٹی مارک (KMI30 انڈیکس) 7,538 پوائنٹس تک گر کر 71,060 پوائنٹس پر بند ہوا جو 10 فیصد کی کی کو ظاہر کرتا ہے۔ ایم ایس ی آئی ایمر جنگ مارکیٹس میں پاکستان کی شولیت کے بعد متحکم غیر ملکی زر بہاؤ کی مارکیٹ تو قعات کے مطابق رہنے کے باوجود غیر ملکی سرمایہ کار خالص فروخت کنندگان ہی رہے اور 289 ملین امر کی ڈالر کے اسٹاکس فروخت کئے۔ مقامی سرمایہ کاروں کے اندر بیمہ کمپنیوں اور کار پوریٹس نے بالتر تیب 204 ملین امر کی ڈالر اور 100 ملین امر کی ڈالر کی ایکویٹر خریدیں جبکہ میوچل فنڈ ز نے سال کے دوران 35 ملین امر کی ڈالر کی ایکویٹیز فروخت کیں۔ سیاسی کاذ پر سابق وزیر اعظم میاں نواز شریف کو سپر یم کورٹ نے جولائی 2017 میں نامل تی دوران 35 ملین امر کی ڈالر کی ایکویٹیز فروخت کیں۔ سیاسی محاذ پر سابق وزیر اعظم میاں نواز شریف کو سپر یم کورٹ نے جولائی 2017 میں نامل قرار دے دیا تھا جس سے سرمایہ کاری کار بھان مزید متاثر ہوا۔ مزید برا

سینٹ کا شعبہ کے ایم آئی انڈیکس میں سب سے آ گے رہاجس میں کمی کی وجہ سے ڈی جی کے ی (DGKC) اورایل یوی کے (LUCK) %44 اور 37% ۷۵۷ کم ہوگیا۔ سینٹ میں کمی کی وجہ اس شعبے میں نرخوں کی جنگ کا خوف تھا جیسا کہ آئندہ توسیع سے زائد سپلائی کی صورتحال سامنے آسکتی تھی بالخصوص جنوبی خطے میں کیونکہ ڈی جی کے ی(DGKC) اورایل یوی کے (LUCK) کے نرخوں کی خراب کا رکردگی سے مجھا جار ہاتھا۔ بینکاری کے شعبے کے اندرجانے والے سال کے دوران ایم ای بی ایل کا منافع 10 فیصدر ہا جوشرح سود بڑھنے سے ممکن ہواجس کی تو قع منافع جات میں اضافے کی صورت کی گی گئی تھی۔

مالی سال 2018 کے دوران آئل وگیس ایکسپلوریشن کمپنیوں کی جانب سے بہترین کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا گیا جس کی دجہ تیل کے بین الاقوامی نرخوں میں 66 فیصد اضافہ اور پاک روپے کی قدر میں 16 فیصد کی تھی۔ پی اوایل اور پی پی ایل کی کارکردگی غیر معمولی رہی جس کے منافع جات گزشتہ سال کی اسی مدت کے مقابلے میں 58 فیصد اور 53 فیصد بڑھ گئے۔ آ گے بڑھتے ہوئے ہمیں تو قع ہے کہ پاکستان کیا یکو شیز سیاسی ایتحکام(عامانتخابات کے بعد) کی بحالی کے ساتھ بہتر ہوجا کیں گی میکروا کنا مک ربحان میں بندر ت بہتریاور پاک روپے کی قد رمیں کی کے بعدغیر ملکی سرمایہ کا روں کی دلچ چی بڑھ جانے سے ممکنہ بحالی سے صورتحال تبدیل ہوگی۔

> مالیاتی نتائج زیرجائزہ سال کے لئے ایچ بی ایل انویسٹنٹ فنڈ کے مالیاتی نتائج ذیل میں مختصراً بیان کئے گئے ہیں۔

روپے'000'میں)	
357,436	آ صحفقل کیا جانے والاغیرمخص منافع
(358,696)	سال کے لئے خالص خسارہ بعدا زنیکس
(1,260)	اختصاص کے لیئے دستیاب رقم
	اختصاص:
(383,569)	30 جون 2017 کوشتم ہونے والے سال کے لئے حتمی منافع منظسمہ بشرح %1.35
(384,429)	منتقل کیا گیا مجموعی منافع
(1.26)	خسارہ فی شونیکیٹ(روپے)

ز ریائزہ مدت کے دوران مجموعی خسارہ 198 ملین روپے بشمول 155 ملین روپے کاغیر شلیم شدہ خسارہ (2017: غیر شلیم شدہ فائدہ 438 ملین روپ) تھا جبکہ اس سے مقابلے میں گزشتہ مدت کے لئے 977 ملین روپے کی مجموعی آمدنی حاصل ہوئی تھی۔

ز مرجائزہ مدت کے دوران تشلیم شدہ کیپٹل خسارہ 381 ملین روپے تھا جبکہ اس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ مدت کے دوران 281 ملین روپے کا تشلیم شدہ کیپٹل فائدہ خاہر ہوا تھا۔اس مدت کے دوران منافع منقسمہ کی آمدنی 304 ملین روپے تھی جواس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ مدت کے دوران 243 ملین روپے تھی۔

ز برجائزہ مدت کے دوران کل اخراجات 160 ملین روپے رہے جو گزشتہ مدت کے دوران 168 ملین روپے تھے۔

رواں سال کے لئے تیکس کی فراہمی کا جم کچھ بھی ندتھا جس کی وجہ انکم تیکس آرڈیننس 2001 کے سیکنڈ شیڈول کے پارٹ ا کی شق 99اوراین بی ایف می کے ریگولیشن 63اوراین ای ریگولیشنز 2008 کے تحت تیکس سے انتثنی تھا۔

فنڈ نے اس مدت کے لئے 359 ملین روپے کا خالص خسارہ حاصل کیا جبکہ گزشتہ مدت کے لئے 848 ملین روپے کا خالص خسارہ حاصل کیا گیا تھا۔اس کا نتیجہ اس مدت کے دوران1.26 روپے فی شوتیکیٹ خسارے کی صورت میں خلاہر ہوا جبکہ گزشتہ مدت میں 2.98 روپے فی شوتیکیٹ کی آمد نی حاصل کی گئی تھی۔

خالص اثاثہ جات جو 30 جون 2017 کو 6,331 ملین روپے تھے وہ 30 جون 2018 کو کم ہوکر 5,435 ملین روپے رہ گئے اور اس کے مطابق خالص اثاثہ جات کی مالیت فی شریفکیٹ برطابق 30 جون 2017 کی 22.28 روپے فی شویفکیٹ ہے کم ہوکر 30 جون 2018 کے مطابق 19.13 روپے فی شویفکیٹ رہی۔

آمدنی کی تقسیم اینج بی ایل ایسید مینجنٹ کمیٹڈ (انتظامی تمپنی) کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 30 جون 2018 کوختم ہونے دالے سال کے لئے اینج بی ایل انویسٹمنٹ فنڈ سے کسی تقسیم کا علان نہیں کیا۔ نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپینز کے ریگولیشن 65اور نوٹیفائیڈ انٹیٹیز ریگولیشنز 2008 پرعمل درآمد سال کے دوران فنڈ کی انتظامی کمپنی کے بورڈ نے فنڈ کی ایک او پن اینڈ اسمیم میں منتقلی کے لئے فنڈ کے کنور ژن پلان (پلان) کی منظوری دی تھی۔ اس مقصد کے لئے پلان کوفنڈ کے شریفکیٹ ہولڈرز کی منظوری حاصل کرنے کے لئے ان کے اجلاس عام منعقدہ 10 جنوری 2018 میں پیش کیا گیا۔ پلان کی منظوری سکیو رشیز اینڈ ایکیچینچ کمیشن آف پاکستان (کمیشن) کی جانب سے بھی 16 فروری 2018 کو حاصل کی گئی۔

اس کے مطابق ری پلیسمنٹ ٹرسٹ ڈیڈاورری پلیسمنٹ آفرنگ دستاویزات کمیشن سے منظور کرائی گئیں۔ فنڈکواین بی ایف می ریگولیشنز 2008 کے ریگولیشن 44 کے تحت 7 جون 2018 کوبطوراوین-اینڈ ڈفنڈنو ٹیفائیڈ ادارہ رجٹر ڈ کرایا گیا۔منظور کردہ پلان کے مطابق منتقلی 2 جولائی 2018 کوشل میں لائی گئی۔اس معاطے کوفنڈ کے مالیاتی حسابات کے نوٹ 1.5 میں کمل طور پر خلاہر کردیا گیا ہے۔

انتظامی کمپنی کی کوالٹی ریٹنگ جی آر- دی آئی ایس کریڈ نے ریٹنگ کمپنی کمیٹڈ (JCR-VIS) نے انتظامی کمپنی کی انتظامی کوالٹی ریٹنگ اے ایم ٹو چلس (+AM2) (مثبت آؤٹ لک) پر برقراررکھی ہے۔

لسٹرکمپنیز کار پوریٹ گورنینس ریگولیشنز پرعملدرآ مدے متعلق انکشافات سٹوٹلیٹ ہولڈرز کے لئے ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ کا بیرحصہ لسٹرکپنیز کار پوریٹ گورنینس ریگولیشنز 2017 کے بابXII اور دیگر شقوں کے تحت دیا گیا ہے۔

> بورڈ کی تفکیل ڈائر کیٹرز کی مجموعی تعداد (اے) مرد: 6 (بی) خاتون: 1 تفکیل

____ ۱ے) انڈیپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر: 4 بی) دیگرنان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز: 2 سی) ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز: 1

> بورڈ کی کمیٹیاں: بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی تھکیل درج ذیل کے مطابق ہے:

عہدہ	نام
چیئر مین : بطود ممبر 11 اپریل 2018 سے تقرر رکیا گیا	جناب شبیر <i>حسی</i> ن ہا شمی
مبر	جناب رضوان <i>حي</i> در
مبر	محترمها يوااب كاؤس جي

ممبر: بطورمبر 9 اکتوبر 2017 سے تقرر کیا گیا	جناب رائمنڈا بچ کوتوال
ممبر: بطودمبر 11 اپریل 2018 سے تقرر کیا گیا	جناب شامدغفار
مورجتہ 26 فروری 2018 سے بورڈ سے ستعنی ہو گئے	جناب نديم عبدالله

بورڈ کی میومن ریسورس وری میوزیش سمیٹ (HR&R) تفكيل درج ذيل كمطابق ب:

عبده	تام
چيئريين: يطورممبر 20 فروري 2018 سے تقرر کيا گيا	جناب آغاشيرشاه
مبر	جناب ريمنڈا بچ کوتوال
مبر	جناب فريداحمه كهانذ
مورخہ 23 نومبر 2017 سے بورڈ سے منتعفیٰ ہو گئے	جناب توفیق صبیب چنائے
ممبر : بطور ممبر 24 اگست 2018 سے تقرر کیا گیا	جناب شبیر <i>حسی</i> ن ہاشمی

بورڈ رسک مینجمنٹ سمیٹر (BRMC) تشکیل درج ذیل کے مطابق ہے:

عبده	تا م
چيئزيين	جناب رضوان <i>حي</i> در
مبر	جناب فريداحمه خان
ممبر ابطور مبر 20 فروری 2018 سے تقرر رکیا گیا	جناب شاہد نحفار
30 نومبر 2017 سے بورڈ سے مستعفی ہو گئے	جناب صلاح الدين منظور

ا زظامی کمپنی کے بورڈ کے نان ایگزیکٹواورا نڈیینڈنٹ ڈ ائر یکٹرز کا معاوضہ . فنڈ انطامی کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز کوئسی معاوضے کی ادائی کمپنی کرتا۔ ڈائر یکٹرز کومعاوضے کی ادائی گی انطامی کمپنی کی جانب ہے کی جاتی ہے۔

کمپنی کے رسک فریم ورک اورا نٹرنل کنٹر ول سٹم کے بارے میں بیان

رسک پنجنٹ (خطرات سے نیٹنے) کے طریقہ کار کی نگرانی کے لئے تمامتر ذے داری پورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے سپر دکر دی گٹی ہے۔اس میں رسک پنجنٹ اوراندرونی کنٹرول کے انتظامات بھی شامل ہیں۔ کمپنی کے رسک مینجنٹ کے طریقہ کا راس کے اثاثہ جات کے تحفظ اور اس کے کاروبار کو درمیش مکمنہ خطرات بشمول کاروبار جاری ر بنے بریمکندا ثرات سے نمٹنے کو مدنظرر کھ کرتیار کئے گئے ہیں۔ دستاویز می طریقہ کار کا با قاعدگی سے جائزہ لیا جاتا ہے۔ شناخت کردہ رسک جو داضح طور پر حکمت عملی، آ پریشنل، مالیاتی اہداف کے حصول ادر/ یاعملدرآ مد کے مقاصد پر اثر انداز ہو سکتے ہوں، ان کے بارے میں فوری طور پر بورڈ ادر سینئر انتظام یہ کو آگاہ کیا جاتا ہے ادر انہیں اجازت دی جاتی ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کے آپریشنز کو تہل انداز میں جاری رکھنے کویقینی بنانے کے ضمن میں بروقت اقد امات کریں۔

سمپنی ایک واضح تنظیمی ڈھانچ کے ساتھ افتیارات کی واضح صراحت کردہ منظم کڑی کی حامل ہے۔ بورڈ نے ایک رسک اورانویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی تشکیل دی ہے جو تمام ضروری انتظامات کی تکرانی اور جائزے کے لئے پالیسیاں بنانے بشمول مالیاتی اور آپریشنل طریفہ کار پر مملدر آبد کے لئے ذمے دار ہے۔ بورڈ نے واضح صراحت کردہ رسک پالیسی بھی منظور کی ہے جوخطرات سے نمٹنے کے لئے اقدامات کوموثر انتظامی کردارادرذ مے داریوں کے ساتھ یقینی بناتی ہے۔ سینئرا نتظامی ٹیمیں طریقہ کار پر <u>Annual Report-2018 ورختاف کنٹرول کے موثر ہونے کا جائزہ لینے کی ذمے دار ہیں۔</u>

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S. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	risk that appropriate quoted prices may not be used to determine fair value. Further, the Fund may have included investments in its financial statements which were not owned by Fund.	 performing purchases and sales testing on a sample of trades made during the year to obtain evidence regarding movement of securities during the year; and any differences identified during our testing that were over our acceptable threshold were investigated further.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management Company and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the Management Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management Company is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management Company either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management Company's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related
 to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going
 concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
 auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to
 the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease
 to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hena Sadiq.

Peroitte tound Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi Date: September 19, 2018

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Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

آڈیٹرز

سیس میسرز ذکی لائیٹ یوسف عادل، چارٹرڈا کا دیٹینٹس ایچ بی ایل انویسٹمنٹ فنڈ کے موجودہ آ ڈیٹرز سبکدوش ہور ہے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز بعدازاں آ ڈیٹرز کی تقرری سے معالم پرغور دخوض کریں گے۔

اعتراف آخر میں ہم ایک بار پھراس موقع سے فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے اپنے معزز شوطین ہولڈرز اور نمائندوں کا ان کی مستقل سر پرتی اور تعاون پرشکر بیادا کرتے ہیں۔ ہم وزارت فزانہ سکیو رشیز اینڈ ایک چینج کمیشن آف پا کتان ،اسٹیٹ بینک آف پا کتان ،سینٹرل ڈپازٹر کی کمپنی آف پا کتان لمینڈ (ٹرٹی)، نیشنل کیئرنگ کمپنی آف پا کتان لمینڈ اور دیگرر یگولیٹر کی حکام، مالیاتی اداروں اور آڈیٹرز کا بھی ان کی مستقل رہنمائی اور معاون ہو شکر میں ہے ت کرنا چاہتا ہے اور شوطینے ہولڈرز کوہم پراعتاد اور بھرو سے کے لئے ان کا شکر گرار ہے۔

> منجانب بورڈ ایچ بیا میل ایسیٹ مینجمنٹ کمیٹڈ چیف ایگز یکٹوآ فیسر

Type and Category of Fund

Equity / Closed-end

Investment Objective and Accomplishment of Objective

HBL Investment Fund (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund) (HBL-INF) is a closed-end equity fund. The objective of the Fund is capital growth of the Certificate Holders for which investments would be made in the best available opportunities, while considering acceptable risk parameters and applicable rules and regulations. The Collective Investment Scheme achieved its stated objective.

Benchmark and Performance Comparison with Benchmark

The Fund's benchmark is KSE–100 Index.

The Fund's total NAV decreased by 8.54%, underperforming the benchmark KSE 100 Index by 1.46% during FY18. The Fund's ex. Frozen NAV decreased by 9.45% during the stated period outperforming the benchmark KSE 100 Index by 0.55%. A comparison of the fund return with the benchmark is given below:

Return of Fund				
Month	Total	HBL-INF Frozen	HBL-INF-EX Frozen	Benchmark
June 2018	0.21%	-0.06%	0.44%	-2.18%
May 2018	-5.50%	-6.74 %	-4.39%	-5.81%
April 2018	1.66%	5.05%	-1.16%	-0.16%
March 2018	5.47%	6.77%	4.41%	5.37%
February 2018	-3.68%	-5.39%	-2.24%	-1.84%
January 2018	8.37%	9.53%	7.40%	8.84%
December 2017	-2.43%	-5.59%	0.34%	1.15%
November 2017	-3.65%	-9.05%	1.66%	0.99%
Oc tober 2017	-5.47%	-8.44%	-2.35%	-6.58%
September 2017	2.43%	3.45%	1.68%	2.92%
August 2017	-3.83%	4.87%	-10.54%	-10.44%
July 2017	-1.44%	2.02%	-3.95%	-1.19%



Strategies and Policies employed during the Year

During the year under review, the Fund decreased its exposure in equities marginally from 93.54% on June 30, 2017 to 91.93% on June 30, 2018. Further, sectors wise allocation was continuously reviewed and revisited throughout the year to ensure optimum return to the investors. Accordingly, exposures in Oil & Gas Marketing, Oil and Gas Exploration, Commercial Banks and Fertilizers were increased while decreasing exposure to the Cements and Engineering sectors.



Significant Changes in Asset Allocation during the Year

The following table shows a comparison of top sector wise allocation of equity investments in the Fund as on June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017:

SECTOR ALLOCATION (% of Total Assets)		
	Jun -18	Jun -17
Oil & Gas Marketing Companies	47.79%	41.38%
Commercial Banks	12.97%	10.50 %
Oil & Gas Exploration Companies	10.64%	4.98%
Fertilizer	5.98%	3.82%
Engineering	3.17%	5.03%
Others Sectors	11.38%	27.84%

Fund Performance

During the period under review total loss stood at Rs. 198 million including unrealized loss of Rs. 155 million (2017: unrealized gain of Rs. 438 million) as compared to a total income of Rs. 977 million reported for the corresponding period.

Realized capital loss during the period stood at Rs. 381 million as compared to realized capital gain of Rs. 281 million in the corresponding period. The dividend income during the period stood at Rs. 304 million as compared to Rs243 million in the corresponding period.

Total expenditure during the period stood at Rs160 million as compared to Rs168 million during the corresponding period.

The Fund incurred a net loss of Rs. 359 million for the period as compared to net profit of Rs. 848 million reported for the corresponding period. This translates into loss per certificate of Rs. 1.26 for the period as compared to earning per certificate of Rs. 2.98 in the corresponding period.

The net assets decreased from Rs. 6,331 million as on June 30, 2017 to Rs. 5,435 million as on June 30, 2018 and accordingly the net asset value per certificate decreased from Rs. 22.28 per certificate as on June 30, 2017 to Rs. 19.13 per certificate as on June 30, 2018.

Review of Market invested in

Pakistan Equities witnessed a topsy-turvy ride during outgoing year with disappointing foreign flows (after MSCI upgrade), political uncertainty following the ouster of ex-PM, macroeconomic challenges and ongoing speculation about the upcoming general elections.

KSE100 Index shed by 4,654 points to close at 41,911 points, reflecting a decline of 10%. Despite market expectation of strong foreign inflows following Pakistan's inclusion in the MSCI Emerging Markets, foreign investors continued to remain net sellers and sold stocks of worth USD289mn. Within local investors, insurance companies and corporates bought equities of

USD204mn and USD100mn respectively while Mutual funds divested equities of USD35mn during the year. On the political front, Ex-Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif was disqualified by Supreme Court in Jul-17 which further marred investor sentiment. Moreover, economic concerns increased due to rising twin deficits followed by stringent policy measures by policy makers (16% PKR depreciation and 75bps increase in interest rates).

The Cement and Banking sector led the rout in the benchmark index, causing attrition of 2,288 points and 1,083 points respectively. Decline in cements was caused owing to the fears of a price war in the segment as upcoming expansions could lead to an oversupply situation particularly in the Southern region as can be grasped from price performance of DGKC and LUCK which fell 44% and 37% YoY respectively. In the banking sector, large banks caused underperformance where HBL, UBL and NBP fell 37%, 23% and 20% owing to regulatory concerns, pension and other legal issues. Meanwhile mid-tier banks outperformed the index buoyed by rising interest rate environment which is expected to lead to margin expansion.

Oil & Gas Exploration and Production sector defied overall trend during FY18 and posted strong gains where the sector contributed 1,628 points to the market owing to 66% increase in International Oil Prices and 16% PKR depreciation. The outperformance was led by POL and PPL posting returns of 58% and 53% against SPLY.

Going forward, we expect Pakistan equities to rebound with restoration of political stability (after General Elections), gradual improvement in macroeconomic trends and potential revival of foreign investor interest after steep PKR depreciation. Moreover, we highlight that Pakistan market's discount to emerging as well as frontier peers has increased to 30% and 28% against 5-year averages of 25% and 19% respectively reflecting a good entry point.

Distribution

The Board of Directors of HBL Asset Management Limited (the Management Company) has declared NIL distribution from HBL Investment Fund (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund) for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund.

Breakdown of Certificate Holding by Size

From – To (No. of Certificates)	No. of Certificate Holders	Total No. of Certificates Held
1 - 100	3,145	196,987
101 - 500	6,767	1,716,849
501 - 1,000	2,195	1,617,976
100,1 - 10,000	2,481	7,954,838
10,001 - 100,000	596	19,828,474
100,001 - 500,000	99	21,565,556
500,001 - 1,000,000	20	13,763,670
1,000, 001 - 5,000,000	19	53,291,602
5,000,001 and above	7	164,189,048
Total	15,329	284,125,000

Certificate Splits

There were no certificate splits during the year.

Circumstances materially affecting the Interest of Certificate Holders

Investments are subject to market risk.

Soft Commission

The Management Company from time to time receives research reports and presentations from brokerage houses.

PERFORMANCE TABLE – HBL INVESTMENT FUND (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund) As at June 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Net assets at the period end(Rs'000)	5,435,289	6,330,569	5,251,256	5,043,364	5,757,484	4,853,116
Net Assets Value per certificate (Rupees)	19.13	22.28	18.48	17.75	20.26	17.08
RETURN (%)						
Total return Income distribution Capital growth	-8.54% 0.00% -8.54%	23.18% 13.50% 9.68%	4.11% 4.20% -0.09%	-1.12% - -1.12%	35.39% 22.00% 13.39%	54.85% 22.00% 32.85%
DISTRIBUTION						
First Interim dividend distribution Date of Income Distribution	-	1.35 25-Aug-17	0.42 26-Aug-16	-	2.20 27-Aug-14	2.20 4-Sep-13
Total dividend distribution for the year/ period	-	1.35	0.42	-	2.20	2.20
AVERAGE RETURNS (%) Average annual return 1 year Average annual return 2 year Average annual return 3 year	-8.54% 2.84% 3.26%	23.18% 13.25% 8.24%	4.11% 1.46% 11.70%	-1.12% 15.70% 27.52%	35.39% 44.79% 29.78%	54.85% 27.06% 24.08%
PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION - (%) Percentage of Assets as at 30 June:						
Bank Balances GoP Ijarah Sukuks Placement with Banks and DFIs Corporate Sukuks Stock / Equities	6.59% - - 91.93%	5% - - - 94%	6% - - - 93%	7% - - 92%	2% - - - 93%	2% - - - 97%
Others	1.49%	1%	1%	1%	5%	1%

Note:

The Fund was reorganized in June 2004

Disclaimer:

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Summary of Actual Proxy voted by CIS

HBL Investment Fund	Meetings	Resolutions	For	Against
Number	7	15	15	-
(%ages)		100%	100%	-

(h) AMC did not participate in shareholders' meetings

Investee Company	AGM Meeting Dt	EOGM Meeting Dt
Amreli Steels Limited	25-10-2017	5-7-2018
Bank Al-Falah Ltd	28-3-2018	27-5-2018
Bank Al-Habib Limited	27-3-2018	N-A
Bank of Punjab Ltd	N-A	30-5-2018
Cherat Cement Company Ltd.	16-10-2017	N-A
D G Khan Cement Co.Ltd.	28-10-2017	N-A
Engro Corporation Ltd	24-4-2018	N-A
Engro Fertilizers Limited	26-3-2018	N-A
Engro Polymer & Chemicals Ltd	29-3-2018	2-7-2018
Exide Pakistan Ltd	31-7-2017	28-7-2018
Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Ltd	N-A	(28-08-2017)
Faysal Bank Limited	28-3-2018	(6-3-2018)(10-7-2018)
General Tyre & Rubber Co of Pakistan Ltd	31-10-2017	22-8-2017
Habib Bank Ltd	27-4-2018	N-A
Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Ltd	28-6-2018	N-A
Hub Power Company Ltd	10-5-2017	22-6-2018
ICI Pakistan Ltd	(26-09-2017)(16-2-2018)	N-A
Indus Motor Company Limited	10-6-2017	N-A
International Industries Ltd	28-9-2017	21-5-2018
International Steels Limited	26-9-2017	N-A
Kot Addu Power Company Ltd	19-10-2017	N-A
Lucky Cement Ltd	(25-09-2017)(28-11-2017)	N-A
Mari Petroleum Company Ltd	26-9-2017	N-A
MCB Bank Ltd	27-3-2018	2-10-2018
Nishat Mills Ltd	28-10-2017	28-3-2018
Oil & Gas Development Co Ltd	24-10-2017	N-A
Pak Elektron Ltd	25-4-2018	N-A
Pakistan Oilfields Ltd	19-10-2017	N-A
Pakistan Petroleum Ltd	27-10-2017	N-A
Pakistan State Oil Company Ltd	20-10-2017	N-A
Pioneer Cement Limited	26-10-2017	N-A
Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Ltd	27-11-2017	N-A
Systems Limited	26-4-2018	N-A
Thal Limited	10-9-2017	N-A
The Searle Company Ltd	27-10-2017	31-7-2017
TPL Insurance Limited	19-4-2018	N-A
TPL Trakker Limited	10-10-2017	N-A
United Bank Limited	31-3-2018	N-A
Wyeth Pakistan Ltd	28-3-2018	8-4-2017

The proxy voting policy of the Fund is available on the website of the Management Company and detailed information regarding actual proxies voted by Management Company in respect of the Fund is also available without charge, upon request, to all unit holders.

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400, Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com



TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

HBL INVESTMENT FUND (FORMERLY PICIC INVESTMENT FUND)

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and Clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of HBL Investment Fund (formerly PICIC Investment Fund) (the Fund) are of the opinion that HBL Asset Management Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

(affress

Aftab Ahmed Diwan Chief Executive Officer Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, September 18, 2018



The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its letter # SCD/RS/MUFAP/346/2018 dated April 18, 2018 has exempted the open-ended Mutual Funds and unlisted Asset Management Companies from the applicability of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017. HBL Investment Fund (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund) has converted into an open-ended mutual fund on July 2, 2018, however at the end of the financial year as on June 30, 2018 the Fund is considered to have existed as closed-ended mutual fund, therefore the Management Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner.

- 1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:
- a) Male: 6
- b) Female: 1
- 2. The Management Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board of Directors. The Management Company, being an un-listed company, does not have any minority interest. At present the Board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Agha Sher Shah (Chairman) Ms. Ava Ardeshir Cowasjee Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi Mr. Shahid Ghaffar
Executive Directors	Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan (Chief Executive Officer)
Non- Executive Directors	Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal Mr. Rizwan Haider

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause 6.2 of the Regulations.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including the Management Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The Management Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Management Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Fund. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of the meeting of board.
- 8. The Board is in process of developing a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of independent and non-executives directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Board has arranged Directors' Training program for the following:

Name of Director	Designation	
Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan	Chief Executive Officer	

10. The board has approved appointment of existing Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations

- 11. CFO & CEO duly endorse the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The board has formed committees comprises of members give below:

Audit Committee:

Chairman	Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi	
Members		
	Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal	
	Ms. Ava A. Cowasjee	
	Mr. Shahid Ghaffar	
	Mr. Rizwan Haider	

HR & Remuneration Committee:

Chairman	Mr. Agha Sher Shah
Members	
	Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal
	Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan
	Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi

Risk Management Committee:

Chairman	Mr. Rizwan Haider
Members	
	Mr. Shahid Ghaffar
	Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan

- 13. The term of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly, half yearly, yearly) of the committees were as per following:
 - a) Audit Committee Quarterly
 - b) HR Remuneration Committee Quarterly
 - c) Risk Management Committee Quarterly
- 15. The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function for the year ended June 30, 2018, who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Management Company with regards to the Fund.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Fund have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold certificates of the Fund and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the CCG have been complied with.

For and behalf of the board

AGHA SHER SHAH Chairman FARID AHMED KHAN Chief Executive Officer

24 Annual Report-2018

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of HBL Asset Management Limited, the Management Company of **HBL Investment Fund (formerly PICIC Investment Fund** (the Fund) for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Management Company of the Fund. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Fund's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Management Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Management Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, the Fund's related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Management Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Fund's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Reloitte Yound Add Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi Date: September 25, 2018

> Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Deloitte.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **HBL Investment Fund (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund)** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2018, and the related income statement, statement of comprehensive income, distribution statement, statement of movement in certificate holders' fund – per certificate, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2018, and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are Independent of the Fund and Management Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Pakistan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. The following matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

S. No.	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Valuation and existence of investments	We performed the following steps during our audit of investments:
	As disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements, investments amounted to Rs. 5.179 billion as at June 30, 2018.	 independent testing of valuations by using the quoted market prices from the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and
	These investments represent a significant item on the statement of assets and liabilities. The Fund invests principally in listed equity securities and their valuation and existence is a significant area during our audit. There is a	ensuring the existence of number of securities by comparing the internal records with Central Depository Company (CDC) account records;

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Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

	Note	2018 (Rupees in	2017 '000)
Assets			
Bank balances Investments Dividend and profit receivable Deposits and prepayments Total assets	5 6 7 8	371,142 5,179,170 79,037 3,317 5,632,666	350,631 6,095,223 66,857 3,798 6,516,509
Liabilities			
Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Payable against purchase of investments Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend Total liabilities	9 10 11 12	10,689 421 5,304 13,183 81,509 86,271 197,377	12,447 965 5,897 4,109 81,271 81,250 185,939
Net assets	=	5,435,289	6,330,570
Capital and reserves			
Issued subscribed and paid up capital Premium on issue of certificates (Accumulated loss) / Unappropriated profit General reserve Net unrealized appreciation on re-measurement of investments	13	2,841,250 984,688 (384,828) 225	2,841,250 984,688 357,437 225
classified as 'available for sale'	6.4	1,993,954	2,146,970
Total certificate holders' funds	=	5,435,289	6,330,570
Contingencies and commitments	14.	Rupees	
Net assets value per certificate	15	19.13	22.28

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer

Director

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
Income	r		
Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net Dividend income Unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment at fair value through profit or loss		(381,296) 304,352	280,508 242,717
- held-for-trading' - net Markup income on treasury bills Profit on bank deposits		(155,380) 304 33,612	437,875 - 15,629
		(198,408)	976,729
Operating expenses			
Remuneration of the Management Company Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Management Company Remuneration of the Trustee Annual fee to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Allocation of expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services Conversion expense from close end to open end fund	9.1 9.2 10.1 11.1 9.3 1.5	111,662 14,516 4,708 5,304 5,583 10,238	124,151 16,140 5,061 5,897 6,252
Auditors' remuneration Fee and subscription Securities transaction cost Settlement and bank charges	16	973 603 5,168 1,533 160,288	630 3,393 5,984 520 168,028
Net (loss) / income from operating activities	-	(358,696)	808,701
Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund	12.2 12.2		60,378 (21,075) 39,303
Net (loss) / income for the year before taxation	-	(358,696)	848,004
Taxation	17	-	-
Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation	-	(358,696)	848,004
(Loss) / earnings per certificate	18	(1.26)	2.98
	:		

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer

	Note	2018 (Rupees	2017 in '000)
Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation		(358,696)	848,004
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement			
Unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as 'available-for-sale'		(153,016)	350,642
Total comprehensive income for the year		(511,712)	1,198,646

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Director

	2018	2017
No	te(Rupees	in '000)
Unappropriated profit brought forward		
- Realised loss	(80,439)	(483,766)
- Unrealised gain	437,875	112,531
	357,436	(371,235)
Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation	(358,696)	848,003
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017 Rs. 1.35 (2016: Rs. 0.42) per certificate declared on August 28, 2017 (2017: August 26, 2016)	(383,569)	(119,332)
Unappropriated profit carried forward	(384,829)	357,436
Unappropriated (loss) / profit comprising of:		
- Realised loss	(229,449)	(80,439)
- Unrealised (loss) / gain	(155,380)	437,875
	(204.020)	257 426
	(384,829)	357,436

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Note(Rupees in '000)Net assets value at the beginning of the year22.2818.48Movement in net assets value from operating activities Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net(1.34)0.99Dividend income1.070.85Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading'(0.55)0.12Profit on bank deposits0.120.06(0.70)3.44Operating expenses(0.56)(0.59)Net (loss) / income in net assets value from operating activities(1.26)2.85Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund-0.21Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund-(0.07)Motement in net assets value from financing and investing activities(1.35)(0.42)Final dividend(1.35)(0.42)1.23Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and investing activities(1.89)0.81		Nete	2018	2017
Movement in net assets value from operating activities Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net (1.34) Dividend income 1.07 Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement (0.55) of investment at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading' (0.55) Profit on bank deposits 0.06 (0.70) 3.44 Operating expenses (0.56) Net (loss) / income in net assets value from operating activities (1.26) Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund - Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund - Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund - Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (1.35) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (1.35) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (1.35) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (1.26) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (0.54) Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and 1.23		Note	(Rupees	In '000)
Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net(1.34)0.99Dividend income1.070.85Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading'(0.55)1.54Profit on bank deposits0.120.06Operating expenses(0.70)3.44Operating expenses(1.26)2.85Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund-0.21Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund-(0.07)Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities(1.35)(0.42)Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available-for-sale'(1.35)(0.42)Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and1.231.23	Net assets value at the beginning of the year		22.28	18.48
Profit on bank deposits0.120.06Operating expenses(0.70)3.44Operating expenses(0.56)(0.59)Net (loss) / income in net assets value from operating activities(1.26)2.85Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund-0.21Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund-(0.07)Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities(1.35)(0.42)Final dividend(1.35)(0.42)Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available-for-sale'(1.23)Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and1.23	Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net Dividend income Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement		1.07	0.85
Operating expenses(0.56)(0.59)Net (loss) / income in net assets value from operating activities(1.26)2.85Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund-0.21Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund-(0.07)Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities(1.35)(0.42)Final dividend(1.35)(0.42)Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available-for-sale'(0.54)1.23Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and	· · · · · ·			
Net (loss) / income in net assets value from operating activities (1.26) 2.85 Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund - 0.21 Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund - (0.07) Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities - (0.07) Final dividend (1.35) (0.42) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available-for-sale' 1.23 Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and -			()	
Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund - 0.21 Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund - (0.07) Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities - (0.07) Final dividend (1.35) (0.42) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (0.54) 1.23 Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and - -	Operating expenses		(0.56)	(0.59)
Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund - (0.07) Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities (1.35) (0.42) Final dividend (0.54) 1.23 Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (0.54) 1.23 Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and - -	Net (loss) / income in net assets value from operating activities		(1.26)	2.85
Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities Final dividend (1.35) (0.42) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (0.54) 1.23 Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and 0 0	Reversal of provision for Workers' Welfare Fund		-	0.21
Final dividend (1.35) (0.42) Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment (0.54) 1.23 Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and (0.54) 1.23	Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund		-	(0.07)
Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available-for-sale' (0.54) Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and	Movement in net assets value from financing and investing activities			
classified as 'available-for-sale' (0.54) 1.23 Net (decrease) / increase in net assets value from financing and (0.54) 1.23		vestment	(1.35)	(0.42)
			(0.54)	1.23
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1.89)	0.81
Net assets value at the end of the year 15 19.13 22.28	Net assets value at the end of the year	15	19.13	22.28

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Director

No	2018 ote(Rupees	2017 in '000)
	(
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss) / income for the year before taxation	(358,696)	848,003
Adjustment for non-cash items:		
Capital loss / (gain) on sale of investments - net Unrealised diminution / (appreciation) on re-measurement of investments	381,296	(280,508)
classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' - net	155,380	(437,875)
Profit on bank deposits Markup income on treasury bills	(33,612) (304)	(15,629)
Dividend income	(304,352)	(242,717)
	(160,288)	(128,726)
Decrease / (increase) in assets		
Investments - net	235,741	87,184
Deposits and prepayments	481 236,222	(1,098) 86,086
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities		
Payable to the Management Company	(1,758)	2,033
Payable to the Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	(544) (593)	549 1,285
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	238	(37,121)
	(2,657)	(33,254)
Dividend received	292,446	211,949
Bank profits received	33,336 325,782	14,996 226,945
Net cash generated from operating activities	399,059	151,050
	399,059	151,050
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend paid	(378,548)	(117,030)
Net cash used in financing activities	(378,548)	(117,030)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	20,511	34,020
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	350,631	316,611
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	371,142	350,631

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Premium on issue of certificates	General Reserve	Unappropriated profit / (Accumulated loss)	Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as 'available -for-sale'	Total
			(Rupees	in '000)		
Balance as at June 30, 2016	2,841,250	984,688	225	(371,235)	1,796,328	5,251,256
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Net income for the year	-	-	-	848,004	-	848,004
Other comprehensive income						
Net unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of						
investments classified as 'available-for-sale'	-	-	-	- 848,004	350,642	350,642
	-	-	-	848,004	350,642	1,198,040
Transactions with certificate holders						
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016 Rs. 0.42 per certificate declared on August 26, 2016	_	_	_	(119,332)	-	(119,332)
	-	-	-	(119,332)	-	(119,332)
Balance as at June 30, 2017	2,841,250	984,688	225	357,437	2,146,970	6,330,570
Total comprehensive income for the year						
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(358,696)	-	(358,696)
				(()
Other comprehensive income						
Net unrealised diminution on re-measurement of investments classified as 'available-for-sale'	-	-	-	_	(153,016)	(153,016)
	-	-	-	(358,696)	(153,016)	(511,712)
Transactions with certificate holders						
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017						
Rs. 1.35 per certificate declared on August 28, 2017	-	-	-	(383,569)	-	(383,569)
	-	-	-	(383,569)	-	(383,569)
Balance as at June 30, 2018	2,841,250	984,688	225	(384,828)	1,993,954	5,435,289

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Director

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- **1.1** HBL Investment Fund (Formerly PICIC Investment Fund) was established under a Trust Deed, executed between PICIC Asset Management Company (Now HBL Asset Management Limited) as the Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as the Trustee.
- **1.2** Through an order dated August 31, 2016, SECP approved merger of PICIC Asset Management Company Limited with and into HBL Asset Management Limited effective from August 31, 2016. Effective from September 1, 2016, HBL Asset Management Limited became Management Company of the Fund which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Habib Bank Limited. The Aga Khan Fund For Economic Development (AKFED), S.A. is the parent company of Habib Bank Limited.
- **1.3** The Management Company of the Fund has been registered as a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) under the NBFC Rules, 2003 and has obtained the requisite license from the SECP to undertake Asset Management Services. The registered office of the Management Company is located at 7th Floor, Emerald Tower, G-19, Block 5, Main Clifton Road, Clifton, Karachi.
- **1.4** The objective of the Fund is to maximize the wealth of the unit holders by investing primarily in listed equities in the best available opportunities, while considering acceptable risk parameters and applicable rules and regulations.
- **1.5** As per Regulation 65 of the NBFC Regulations, all closed end funds were required to be converted into open end schemes upon expiry of five years from November 21, 2007 i.e. by November 21, 2012. However Closed end funds whose portfolios were frozen as a result of Consent Agreements with Government of Pakistan were allowed to be converted into open end schemes within three months from the date of the removal of the freezing of the portfolios. Since the Fund has Frozen Portfolio comprising shares of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited, its conversion into an open end scheme was deferred.

During the year, the Board of the Management Company (HBL Asset Management Limited) of the Fund in its meeting held on November 23, 2017 approved the Conversion Plan (the Plan) of the fund for the conversion of the Fund into an Open End Scheme, with the approval of the Certificate Holders of the Fund to fulfill the requirements of the merger order dated August 31, 2016. For this purpose, the Plan was presented to and approved by the Certificate Holders of the Fund in its General Meeting dated January 10, 2018. The Plan was also approved by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (the Commission) on February 16, 2018.

The Replacement Trust Deed and Replacement Offering Document were approved by SECP vide its letter no. SCD/AMCW/HIF/339/2018 dated April 18, 2018 and letter no. SCD/AMCW/HIF/398/2018 dated June 7, 2018 respectively. As per the approved Plan, the conversion took place on July 2, 2018 and every Certificate Holder of the closed end fund was entitled to following for each certificate held;

- One Class-A Unit of the Fund was issued to every Certificate Holders of Fund for each certificate held representing Frozen Portfolio and related assets and liabilities.
- One Class-B Unit of the Fund was issued to the every Certificate Holder of Fund for each certificate held representing Unfrozen Portfolio and related assets and liabilities.

The Plan also envisages that Class-A Units would not be redeemable and would be traded on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. Whereas Class-B Units can be redeemed at the redemption price.

Since the effective date of the conversion i.e. July 2, 2018 is subsequent to the year end of the Fund, these financial statements has been prepared as that of a close-ended Fund.

Net assets of the Fund post conversion into an open end scheme are disclosed in Note 28 of these financial statements. Upon conversion, the open end scheme is known as HBL Investment Fund.

- **1.6** JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company has assigned an asset manager rating of 'AM2+' (AM Two Plus) to the Management Company.
- **1.7** Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company Limited as trustee of the Fund.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that investments are measured at fair value.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the fund's functional and presentation currency.

2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires the management to exercise judgement in application of its accounting policies. The estimates, judgements and associated assumptions are based on the historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where estimates and assumptions are significant to the financial statements as a whole are as follows:

- (i) classification and valuation of financial assets (notes 4.2.1.1 and 4.2.1.4); and
- (ii) impairment of financial assets (note 4.2.1.5)

3. APPLICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS / AMENDMENTS AND IFRS INTERPRETATIONS

3.1 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2018

The following amendments are effective for the year ended June 30, 2018. These amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after:
- Amendments as a result of the disclosure initia- tive	January 01, 2017
Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Recogni- tion of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	January 01, 2017

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs, which are also not relevant for the Fund.

3.2 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

3.2.1 The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and the amendments (except IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments') are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' - This standard will supersede IAS 18, IAS 11, IFRIC 13, 15 and 18 and SIC 31 upon its effective date.

IFRS 16 'Leases' - This standard will supersede IAS 17 'Leases' upon its effective date.

Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' -Clarification on the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' -Amendments regarding prepayment features with negative compensation and modifications of financial liabilities.

IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts': Amendments regarding the interaction of IFRS 4 and IFRS 9.

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture

Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Amendments regarding long-term interests in associates and joint ventures

Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' - Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement

Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property': Clarification on transfers of property to or from investment property

IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration': Provides guidance on transactions where consideration against non-monetary prepaid asset / deferred income is denominated in foreign currency.

IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'. Effective from accounting period beginning on or after:

July 01, 2018

January 01, 2019

January 01, 2018

July 01, 2018

January 01, 2019

An entity choosing to apply the overlay approach retrospectively to qualifying financial assets does so when it first applies IFRS 9. An entity choosing to apply the deferral approach does so for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after a date to be determined. Earlier application is permitted.

January 01, 2019

January 01, 2019

January 01, 2018

January 01, 2018

January 01, 2019

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs, which are also not expected to have material impact on final reporting of the fund.

3.2.2 IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' Impact Assessment

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' was issued on July 24, 2017. This standard is adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and is effective from accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018.

3.2.2.1 Key requirements of IFRS 9 are as follows;

Classification and measurement of financial assets

- All recognized financial asset that are within the scope of IFRS9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value.
- Debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods.
- Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are generally measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.
- All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods.
- In addition, under IFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, IFRS 9 requires as follows;

- The amount of change in the fair value of a financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of such changes in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss.
- Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under IAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss is presented in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, IFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under IAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognized.

SECP through its SCD/AMCW/RS/MUFAP/2017-148 dated November 21, 2017 have deferred the applicability of above provision requirements in relation to debt securities for mutual funds.

3.2.2.2 Impact assessment

Based on the analysis of Fund's financial assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2018 and also considering facts and circumstances that exists at that date, the Management Company have assessed the impact of IFRS 9 on the financial statements as follows;

Listed equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading qualify for designation as measured at fair value through profit or loss upon application of IFRS 9 with value changes continue to recognised in profit or loss.

Listed equity securities classified as financial assets at 'available-for-sale' are to be measured at fair value through profit or loss upon application of IFRS 9 with value changes to be recognised in profit or loss instead of other comprehensive income. The net unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on these financial assets will be recognised in income statement on the sale of investments.

3.2.3 Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

3.3 Change in policy in relation to preparation of income statement and statement of comprehensive income

International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1 Presentation of Financial Statements allows an entity to prepare either two performance statements i.e. income statement and statement of comprehensive income, or one performance statement only i.e. income statement and statement of comprehensive income (showing both items of income or loss for the period and items of other comprehensive income). The Fund, with effect from July 01, 2017, has changed its policy with regard to preparation of income statement and other comprehensive income and opted to prepare two separate performance statements i.e. "income statement" and "statement of comprehensive income in separate statements.

This change has no impact on the items of income or loss or other comprehensive income recognized in prior year except that items of other comprehensive income previously presented under 'Income statement and other comprehensive income' in single statement are now presented within 'income statement' and "statement of comprehensive income' separately.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of assets and liabilities at cost.

4.2 Financial instruments

4.2.1 Financial assets

4.2.1.1 Classification

The management company determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 39 (IAS 39), "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" at the time of purchase of financial assets and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis. The classification depends upon the purpose for which the financial assets are acquired. The financial assets of the Fund are currently categorised as follows:

a) Investments at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading

An investment that is acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in prices is classified as "fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading".

b) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Currently, there are no investments in the fund classified as 'Loans and receivables'.

c) Available for sale

These are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables (b) held-to-maturity investments, or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

4.2.1.2 Regular way contracts

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

4.2.1.3 Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given including the transaction cost associated with the acquisition, except in case of "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", in which case the transaction costs are charged off to the income statement.

4.2.1.4 Subsequent measurement

a) Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale'

Subsequent to initial measurement, financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale' are valued as follows:

Basis of valuation of equity securities

Equity securities are valued on the basis of closing quoted market prices available at the stock exchange. A security listed on the stock exchange for which no sale is reported on the reporting date is valued at its last sale price on the next preceding date on which such exchange is open and if no sale is reported for such date, the security is valued at an amount neither higher than the closing asked price nor lower than the closing bid price.

Net gains and losses arising on changes in the fair value of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement.

Net gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available for sale financial assets are taken to the statement of comprehensive income until these are derecognised or impaired. At the time of impairment or derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income is shown in the income statement.

b) Loans and receivables

Subsequent to initial recognition financial assets classified as 'loans and receivables' are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses are recognised in the Income Statement through the amortisation process or when financial assets carried at amortised cost are derecognised or impaired.

4.2.1.5 Impairment

The Management Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that the Fund's financial assets or a group of financial assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

For financial assets classified as 'loans and receivables', a provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms. The provision against these amounts is made as per the provisioning policy duly formulated and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in accordance with the requirements of the SECP.

4.2.1.6 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

4.2.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.

4.2.3 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.4 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed in cash to the unit holders.

The Fund is also exempt from the Provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) and section 113C (Alternative Corporate Tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Fund does not account for deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years by distributing in cash at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, to its unit holders.

4.5 Proposed distributions

Distributions declared subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which such distributions are declared.

4.6 Net assets value per certificate

The net asset value (NAV) per certificate as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities is calculated by dividing the net asset of the Fund by the number of certificates in issue at the year end.

4.7 Revenue recognition

- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established i.e. on the date of book closure of the investee company / institution declaring the dividend.
- Realised capital gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the income statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Mark-up / return on government securities, bank profits and investment in debt securities are recognised on a time apportionment basis using the effective interest method.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on re-measurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

4.8 Expenses

All expenses including NAV based expenses (namely management fee, trustee fee and annual fee payable to the SECP) are recognised in the income statement on a time apportionment basis using the effective interest method.

5.	BANK BALANCES	Note	2018 (Rup	2017 ees in '000)
	Savings accounts	5.1	371,142	350,631
5.1	These accounts carry mark-up at rates ranging between 5.35%	and 6.70% (2017: 5.35% and 6	.60%) per annum
6.	INVESTMENTS	Note	2018 (Rup	2017 ees in '000)
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-t	rading		
	Listed equity securities Market treasury bills	6.1 6.3	2,667,725	3,430,762
	Financial assets at 'available-for-sale'		2,007,723	5,+30,702
	Available for sale	6.2	2,511,445	2,664,461
			5,179,170	6,095,223

6.1 Financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading'

Shares of listed companies - Fully paid up ordinary shares of Rs 10 each unless otherwise stated.

	ļ		Number of Share	s		Camping value	Market value	Annresistic - /	Canital	Dividor ⁴	Market value as a	percentage of	Par value a percentage
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2017	Purchases during the year	Bonus / Right issue	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2018	Carrying value as at June 30, 2018	Market value as at June 30, 2018	Appreciation / (diminution)	Capital gain	Dividend Income	Total Investments	Net Assets	issued capita the investo company
utomobile Assembler							Ru	pees in '000					
Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Limited	67,200	60,500		68,950	58,750	29,420	18,588	(10,832)	(23,357)	1,617	0.36%	0.34%	0.04%
ndus Motor Company Limited Villat Tractors Limited Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited	28,320 - 70,000	13,460 45,000		15,100 - 70,000	26,680 45,000	44,536 58,537	37,925 53,463	(6,611) (5,074)	262 - (18,561)	3,671	0.73% 1.03% 0.00%	0.70% 0.98% 0.00%	0.03% 0.10% 0.00%
ak suzuki wotor company cimited	165,520	118,960		154,050	130,430	132,493	109,976	(22,517)	(41,656)	5,288	2.12%	2.02%	0.00%
utomobile Parts and Accessories	100,010	110,000		134,030	130,430	102,400	103,370	(122,027)	(41,030)	5,200	L.1.L.70	2.02.14	I.
xide Pakistan Limited	43,290			43,290					(21,541)	541	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
General Tyre & Rubber Co of Pakistan Limited hal Limited (Par value Rs. 5 per share)	111,000 110,500	- 136,100		111,000 110,500	136,100	- 67,496	- 64,992	(2,504)	(12,544) (4,864)	- 1,187	0.00%	0.00%	0.00% 0.17%
	264,790	136,100		264,790	136,100	67,496	64,992	(2,504)	(38,949)	1,728	1.25%	1.20%	
Cable and Electrical Goods													
ak Elektron Limited	646,500	190,000		275,000	561,500	54,980	19,911	(35,069)	(13,797)	1,764	0.38%	0.37%	0.11%
PL Trakker Limited	1,211,500	-		1,211,500	-	-	19.911	(35,069)	(1,585)	185	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	1,636,000	190,000	-	1,466,500	561,500	34,980	19,911	(33,069)	(13,362)	1,349	0.38%	0.37%	
hemicals													
CI Pakistan Limited Engro Polymer & Chemicals Limited Engro Polymer & Chemicals Limited - LOR	43,900 1,250,000	2,312,500	314,462	43,900 2,687,500	- 875,000 314,462	33,996	- 27,440 2,774	(6,556) 2,774	(13,298) (11,474)	356 1,452	0.00% 0.53% 0.05%	0.00% 0.50% 0.05%	0.00% 0.13% 0.13%
ngro Polymen & chemicals chinted - con	1,293,900	2,312,500	314,462	2,731,400	1,189,462	33,996	30,214	(3,782)	(24,772)	1.808	0.58%	0.56%	0.13%
Cement	.,	2,012,000	52-17402	277 - 27 400	4) AV J/TVL	33,330	50,214	(0,702)	(6-1/74)	2,000	0.0070	0.0078	I.
herat Cement Company Limited	990,000			990,000					(54,449)	1,470	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
0.G Khan Cement Company Limited auji Cement Company Limited	502,500	222,000 1,625,000		724,500 1,625,000					(33,363) 4,153	2,044	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
ucky Cement Limited ioneer Cement Limited	265,500 1,509,000	59,500 250,000		159,000 1,509,000	166,000 250,000	122,457 13,000	84,316 11,715	(38,141) (1,285)	(23,943) (56,876)	4,089 2,056	1.63% 0.23%	1.55% 0.22%	0.05%
	3,267,000	2,156,500		5,007,500	416,000	135,457	96,031	(39,426)	(164,478)	9,659	1.85%	1.77%	
ommercial Banks													I
ank Al-Falah Limited	2,930,500	457,000		767,000	2,620,500	111,467	137,026	25,559	3,463	3,245	2.65%	2.52%	0.16%
ank Al-Habib Limited aysal Bank Limited (note 6.1.1)	-	985,500 1,419,000	175,275	85,000 375,000	900,500 1,219,275	66,703 26,732	70,986 31,701	4,283 4,969	1,174 1,388	-	1.37% 0.61%	1.31%	0.08%
labib Bank Limited** 1CB Bank Limited	788,800 730,500	543,000 164,500		503,800 163,000	828,000 732,000	176,833 152,384	137,812 144,768	(39,021) (7,616)	(15,452) (1,131)	3,375 10,252	2.66% 2.80%	2.54%	0.06%
iank of Punjab Aeezan Bank Limited Jnited Bank Limited	- - 851,900	4,688,500 200,000 187,500		350,000 - 213,200	4,338,500 200,000 826,200	44,477 16,126 184,225	52,366 16,344 139,611	7,889 218 (44,614)	459 - (6,150)	10,129	1.01% 0.32% 2.70%	0.96% 0.30% 2.57%	0.82% 0.02% 0.07%
	5,301,700	8,645,000	175,275	2,457,000	11,664,975	778,947	730,614	(48,333)	(16,249)	27,127	14.11%	13.44%	
ngineering													
sha Steel Mills Limited	1,103,600				1,103,600	22,447	17,404	(5,043)			0.34%	0.32%	0.13%
isha Steel Mills Limited - Preference Shares isha Steel Mills Limited - Conv Cum Pref Shares	130,000 1,065,000			-	130,000 1,065,000	3,078 45,848	2,562 45,795	(516) (53)	-	-	0.05%	0.05%	0.29%
mreli Steel Limited ternational Steels Limited*** ternational Industries Limited	737,000 606,500 175,200	91,100 50,700		349,000 340,000 96,800	388,000 357,600 129,100	47,705 45,512 44,074	27,373 36,368 29,989	(20,332) (9,144) (14,085)	(10,643) (5,592) (6,825)	1,474 1,405 723	0.53% 0.70% 0.58%	0.50% 0.67% 0.55%	0.13% 0.08% 0.11%
lughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited rescent Steel & Allied Products Limited	- 100,000	310,500		- 100,000	310,500	22,841	19,071	(3,770)	(0,823)	- 150	0.37%	0.35%	0.12%
	3,917,300	452,300		885,800	3,483,800	231,505	178,562	(52,943)	(26,392)	3,752	3.45%	3.29%	
ertilizer													
ngro Corporation Limited ngro Fertilizers Limited	485,100 1,161,000	50,000 681,500		41,000 252,000	494,100 1,590,500	158,115 96,432	155,078 119,144	(3,037) 22,712	(2,097) 2,550	10,068 11,597	2.99% 2.30%	2.85% 2.19%	0.09%
auji Fertilizers Bin Qasim Limited auji Fertilizers Company Limited	619,500	- 1,012,500		619,500 376,500	- 636,000	- 58,721	62,894	4,173	(5,583) 3,159	62 1,808	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	2,265,600	1,744,000	-	1,289,000	2,720,600	313,268	337,116	23,848	(1,971)	23,535	6.51%	6.20%	
lass & Ceramics													
habbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited		75,000			75,000	1,500	1,580	80			0.03%	0.03%	0.03%
		75,000		-	75,000	1,500	1,580	80			0.03%	0.03%	
isurance													
PL Direct Insurance Limited (note 6.1.1) damjee Insurance Co Limited	153,708 657,500	500	10,070	163,668 657,500	610	13	13		(510) 80	-	0.00%	0.00% 0.00%	0.00%
	811,208	500	10,070	821,168	610	13	13		(430)	-	0.00%	0.00%	
il and Gas Exploration Companies													
il and Gas Development Company akistan Oilfields Limited	985,700 163,500	80,000 53,600		173,300 2,800	892,400 214,300	126,188 108,612	138,875 143,965	12,687 35,353	2,933 426	9,461 6,987	2.68% 2.78%	2.56% 2.65%	0.09%
II and Gas Exploration Companies II and Gas Development Company axistan Olfields Limited axistan Pertoleum Umited Iari Petroleum Company Limited													0.09% 0.04%
il and Gas Development Company akistan Olifields Limited akistan Petroleum Limited	163,500 425,000	53,600 491,200	-	2,800	214,300 808,700	108,612 139,093	143,965 173,790	35,353 34,697	426	6,987 6,909	2.78% 3.36%	2.65% 3.20%	0.09% 0.04%
il and Gas Development Company Askiran Politolimu Inited Jari Petroleum Company Limited	163,500 425,000 30,620	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060	-	2,800 107,500 - 283,600	214,300 808,700 94,880 2,010,280	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536	35,353 34,697 (1,038) 81,699	426 5,037 - 8,396	6,987 6,909 334 23,691	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09%
II and Gas Development Company kistran Oilfeldes Limited Aiskan Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas: Marketing Companies Kistan State Oil Company Ltd Sco Petroleum United	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500		2,800 107,500 - 283,600 20,000	214,300 808,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434	35,353 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114	426 5,037 - 8,396 329 -	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.09% 0.10% 0.55%
II and Gas Development Company Akistan Diriledies Limited Asiktan Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas Marketing Companies Akistan State Ol Company Ltd acco Petroleum United	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500 672,500		2,800 107,500 - 283,600 20,000 - 315,000	214,300 808,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376	35,353 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (9,081)	426 5,037 - 8,396 329 (3,013)	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178 2,850	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05%
II and Gas Development Company Akistan Dirilledis Limited Asiktan Petroleum Company Limited ari Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas Marketing Companies Akistan State Oil Company Ltd ascol Petroleum Inited A Northern Gas Pipeline Limited	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500		2,800 107,500 - 283,600 20,000	214,300 808,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434	35,353 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114	426 5,037 - 8,396 329 -	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05%
II and Gas Development Company Akistan Dirilled Limited Akistan Petroleum Limited Jarl Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas Marketing Company Ltd Sacol Petroleum Limited A Northern Gas Pipeline Limited Schnology and Communication	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500 672,500 1,081,800	-	2,800 107,500 - 283,600 20,000 - 315,000	214,300 898,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500 961,800	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457 186,912	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376 180,969	35,353 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (5,081) (5,943)	426 5,037 - 8,396 329 (3,013)	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178 2,850 6,028	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11% 3.49%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06% 3.33%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05% 0.05%
II and Gas Development Company Akistan Dirilled Limited Akistan Petroleum Limited Jarl Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas Marketing Company Ltd Sacol Petroleum Limited A Northern Gas Pipeline Limited Schnology and Communication	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500 672,500		2,800 107,500 - 283,600 20,000 - 315,000	214,300 808,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376	35,353 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (9,081)	426 5,037 - 8,396 329 (3,013)	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178 2,850	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05% 0.05%
II and Gas Development Company Akisan Dirited Miskian Dertorloum United Jarl Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas Marketing Companies Akistan State OI Company Ltd Sascol Petroleum United II Northern Gas Pipeline Limited schnology and Communication stems Limited	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500 672,500 1,081,800 308,500		2,800 107,500 - 283,600 20,000 - 315,000	214,300 898,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500 961,800 308,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457 186,912 29,690	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376 180,969 31,225	3,5,33 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (9,081) (5,943) 1,535	426 5,037 - 8,396 329 (3,013)	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178 2,850 6,028 409	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11% 3.49% 0.60%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06% 3.33% 0.57%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05% 0.05%
II and Gas Development Company Akistan Different United Asistan Petroleum United ari Petroleum Company Limited II & Gas Marketing Companies akistan State Oil Company Ltd accord Petroleum United A Northern Gas Pipeline Limited echnology and Communication stems Limited hamaceuticals bobt Lubonatories (Pakistan) Limited	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000	53,600 491,200 64,260 337,800 71,500 672,500 0,72,500 0,72,500 308,500 308,500		2,800 107,500 2,83,600 20,000 315,000 335,000 - - - 128,650	214,300 898,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500 961,800 308,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457 186,912 29,690	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376 180,969 31,225	3,5,33 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (9,081) (5,943) 1,535	426 5,037 	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178 2,850 6,028 409	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 1.158% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11% 3.49% 0.60% 0.60%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06% 3.33% 0.57% 0.57%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05% 0.05% 0.05% 0.05%
II and Gas Development Company akitano Difference of the second second tari Petroleum Company Limited atari Petroleum Company Limited akitano State Oli Company Ltd ascol Petroleum Inited a Northern Gas Pipeline Limited achnology and Communication systems Limited harmaccuticals babet Laboratories (Pakitan) Limited OP Limited	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000 215,000 215,000	53,600 491,200 64,260 689,060 337,800 71,500 672,500 1,081,800 308,500		2,800 107,500 283,600 20,000 - 315,000 335,000 - - - - 128,650 25,000 285,000	214,300 898,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500 961,800 308,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457 186,912 29,690	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376 180,969 31,225	3,5,33 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (9,081) (5,943) 1,535	426 5,037 - - 8,396 (3,013) (2,684) - - (28,701) (136) (5,212)	6,987 6,909 334 2,3,691 3,178 2,850 6,028 409 409	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 11.58% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11% 3.49% 0.60% 0.60%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06% 3.33% 0.57% 0.57%	0.09% 0.04% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05% 0.05% 0.28% 0.28%
II and Gas Development Company akiran Diffelds Limited Akiran Dertoileum Limited Lari Petroleum Company Limited Anirtan State OII Company Lid ascol Petroleum Limited Li Northern Gas Pipeline Limited echnology and Communication systems Limited harmaceuticals bebott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited G Limited	163,500 425,000 30,620 1,604,820 215,000 215,000 215,000	53,600 431,200 64,260 337,800 71,500 672,500 0,72,500 0,72,500 308,500 308,500	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,800 107,500 - 283,600 - 315,000 - 335,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	214,300 898,700 94,880 2,010,280 317,800 71,500 572,500 961,800 308,500	108,612 139,093 143,944 517,837 98,135 22,320 66,457 186,912 29,690	143,965 173,790 142,906 599,536 101,159 22,434 57,376 180,969 31,225	3,5,33 34,697 (1,038) 81,699 3,024 114 (9,081) (5,943) 1,535	426 5,037 - 8,396 - (3,013) (2,684) - - (28,701) (136)	6,987 6,909 334 23,691 3,178 2,850 6,028 409 409	2.78% 3.36% 2.76% 1.158% 1.95% 0.43% 1.11% 3.49% 0.60% 0.60%	2.65% 3.20% 2.63% 11.03% 1.86% 0.41% 1.06% 3.33% 0.57% 0.57% 0.57%	0.04% 0.09% 0.10% 0.05% 0.09% 0.28%

			Number of Shares								Market value as a	percentage of	Par value as a
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2017	Purchases during the year	Bonus / Right issue	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2018	Carrying value as at June 30, 2018	Market value as at June 30, 2018	Appreciation / (diminution)	Capital gain	Dividend Income	Total Investments	Net Assets	percentage of issue capital of the investee company
							Ruj	pees in '000					
Power Generation and Distribution													
The Hub Power Company Limited	1.085.000	682,200	-	113,000	1,654,200	183,728	152,451	(31,277)	(2,135)	10,027	2.94%	2.80%	0.14%
K-Electric Limited (Par value Rs. 3.50 per sha	2,531,500	4,527,000	-	2,531,500	4,527,000	28,827	25,713	(3,114)	(960)		0.50%	0.47%	0.02%
Kot Addu Power Company Limited	764,000	-	-	764,000	-	-	-	-	(1,848)	2,750	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
-	4,380,500	5,209,200		3,408,500	6,181,200	212,555	178,164	(34,391)	(4,943)	12,777	3.44%	3.28%	
Textile													
Nishat (Chunian) Limited	50,000			50,000					(41)		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Nishat Mills Limited	402,500	313,500	-	148,900	567,100	90,920	79,917	(11,003)	(698)	2,593	1.54%	1.47%	0.16%
Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited	340,000	-	-	340,000	-	-	-	-	(735)	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Mohib Textile Mills Limited*	40,820	-	-	-	40,820	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.27%
Sunshine Cloth Limited*	50,000	-	-	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.64%
-	883,320	313,500		538,900	657,920	90,920	79,917	(11,003)	(1,474)	2,593	1.54%	1.47%	
Tobacco													
Pakistan Tobacco Company Limited	33,460	-	-	33,460	-	-		-	(7,472)	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
-	33,460	-	-	33,460		-	-	-	(7,472)	-	0.00%	0.00%	
Total June 30, 2018 =	26,773,108	23,511,920	525,247	20,226,958	30,583,317	2,823,105	2,667,725	(155,380)	(381,269)	125,798	51.51%	49.08%	
Total June 30, 2017	43,122,708	13,823,440	477,100	30,650,140	26,773,108	2,992,887	3,430,762	437,875	280,508	139,079	56.00%	54.19%	

*Suspended/Delisted Companies

Sponsors of Management Company * Related party due to common directorship

Investments include shares having market value aggregating to Rs. 189.070 million (June 30, 2017: Rs. 294.798 million) that have been pledged with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited for guaranteeing settlement of the Fund's trades in terms of Circular No. 11 dated October 23, 2007 issued by the SECP.

6.1.1 These investments include gross bonus shares as per Fund's entitlement declared by the investee companies. Finance Act, 2014 has brought amendments in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 whereby the bonus shares received by the shareholder are to be treated as income and a tax at the rate of 5% is to be applied on value of bonus shares determined on the basis of day end price on the first day of closure of books. The tax is to be collected at source by the investee company which shall be considered as final discharge of tax liability on such income. However, the Management Company of the Fund jointly with other asset management companies and Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan, has filed a petition in Honorable Sindh High Court to declare the amendments brought in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 with reference to tax on bonus shares for collective investment schemes as null and void and not applicable on the funds based on the premise of exemption given to mutual funds under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order till the final outcome of the case. However, the investee company(s) has withheld the share equivalent to 5% of bonus announcement of the Fund having aggregate fair market value of Rs. 0.670 million at June 30, 2018 (June 30, 2017: Rs. Nil) and not yet deposited on CDC account of department of Income tax. Management is of the view that the decision will be in the favor and accordingly has recorded the bonus shares on gross basis at fair value in its investments at year end.

6.2 Listed equity securities - Available for Sale

	Number of Shares			Carrying value					Market value as a percentage of		Par value as a percentage of		
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2017	Purchases during the year	Bonus Share	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2018	as at June 30, 2018	Market value as at June 30, 2018	Appreciation / (diminution)		Dividend Income	Total Investments	Net Assets	issued capital of the investee company
								Rupees in '000					
Oil and Gas Marketing Companies													
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (note 6.2.1 & 6.2.2) Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited	5,922,149 2,488,024		1,184,429		1 / = = = = = = =	484,439 33,052		1,777,656 216,298		159,894 18,660		41.62% 4.59%	2.18% 0.39%
	8,410,173		1,184,429		9,594,602	517,491	2,511,445	1,993,954	-	178,554	48.49%	46.21%	
Total June 30, 2018	8,410,173		1.184.429		9.594.602	517,491	2.511.445	1.993.954		178.554	48.49%	46.21%	
Total June 30, 2017	8.410.173				8.410.173	517.491	2.664.461	2.146.970		103.638	44.00%	42.00%	

- **6.2.1** The above mentioned shares of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited are blocked / frozen by an order of the Government of Pakistan (GoP) as the same form part of a strategic shareholding under the control of the GoP. As a result, the Fund is restricted from selling, transferring, encumbering or otherwise disposing of or dealing with any interest in the said shares, including any future bonus / right shares in respect thereof. Consequently, the exposure limit mentioned in regulation 55 of the NBFC Regulations, 2008 does not apply to the above frozen shares.
- **6.2.2** These investments include gross bonus shares as per Fund's entitlement declared by the investee companies. Finance Act, 2014 has brought amendments in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 whereby the bonus shares received by the shareholder are to be treated as income and a tax at the rate of 5% is to be applied on value of bonus shares determined on the basis of day end price on the first day of closure of books. The tax is to be collected at source by the investee company which shall be considered as final discharge of tax liability on such income. However, the

Management Company of the Fund jointly with other asset management companies and Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan, has filed a petition in Honorable Sindh High Court to declare the amendments brought in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 with reference to tax on bonus shares for collective investment schemes as null and void and not applicable on the funds based on the premise of exemption given to mutual funds under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order till the final outcome of the case. However, the investee company(s) has withheld the share equivalent to 5% of bonus announcement of the Fund having aggregate fair market value of Rs. 18.851 million at June 30, 2018 (June 30, 2017: Rs. Nil) and not yet deposited on CDC account of department of Income tax. Management is of the view that the decision will be in the favor and accordingly has recorded the bonus shares on gross basis at fair value in its investments at year end.

6.3 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held-for-trading - Market treasury bills

	Issue date	Tenure	As at July 1, 2017	Purchase during the year	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2018	Bala Carrying value	mce as at June 3 Market value	0, 2018 Appreciation / (diminution)	Capital Gain / (loss)	Markup income	Market value as a percentage of net assets	Market value as a percentage of total investments
	February 15, 2018	3 months		200,000	200,000	(Rup -	pees in '000)			(26)	304		
	Total June 30, 2018			200,000	200,000		-	-		(26)	304		
	Total - June 30, 2017				-			-		-	-		
6.4	Net unrealised apprec of investments classifi						Not	e		2018	(Rupee	s in '000)	2017
	Market value of invest	ments					6.2		2,51	1,445		2,6	564,461
	Cost of investments						6.2		51	7,491		5	517,491
							•		1,99	3,954		2,1	L46,970
7.	DIVIDEND RECEIVABLE	AND PF	ROFIT	RECEIV	ABLE								
	Profit receivable on ba Dividend receivable	nk depo	sits							2,344 6,693			2,069 64,788
									7	9,037			66,857
8.	DEPOSITS AND PREPA	YMENTS											
	Security deposits with												
	 National Clearing Cor Central Depository Cor 									2,500 300			2,500 200
	Advance tax Other advances									517 -			422 676
										3,317			3,798
9.	PAYABLE TO THE MAN	AGEMEN		MPANY									
	Management fee Sindh Sales Tax on Mar					ation	9.1 9.2			9,058 1,178			10,548 1,372
	Allocation of expenses accounting, operation						9.3			453			527
									1	0,689			12,447

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- **9.1** Under the provisions of the Offering Document of the Fund the Management Company is entitled to a Remuneration at the rate of 2% of the average annual net asset of the fund. The remuneration is paid to the Management Company monthly in arrears. The remuneration is also subject to Sindh Sales Tax on services at applicable rate.
- **9.2** The Sindh Provincial Government has levied Sindh Sales Tax (SST) at the rate of 13 percent (2017: 13 percent) on the remuneration of Management Company through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.
- **9.3** As per Regulation 60(3)(s) of the amended NBFC Regulations dated November 25, 2015, fee and expenses pertaining to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services related to a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS) are chargeable to the CIS, maximum upto 0.1 percent of the average annual net assets or the actual cost whichever is lower. Accordingly, the Management Company has charged aforementioned expenses to the extent of 0.1% of the average annual net assets, being lower amount, to the Fund during the year.

10.	PAYABLE TO THE TRUSTEE	Note	2018 (Rup	2017 ees in '000)
	Remuneration of the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee CDC charges payable	10 .1	385 36	892 73
			421	965

- **10.1** The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed as per the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net assets of the Fund. The fee is paid to the Trust-ee monthly in arrears.
- **10.2** The tariff structure applicable to the Fund is as follows:

Amount of funds under ma Net Assets Value (NAV)]	nagement [Average	Tariff per annur	m	
Upto 250 million Exceeding Rs 250 million an Exceeding Rs 500 million million Exceeding Rs 2000 million million Exceeding Rs 5000 million	and upto Rs 2000	250 milĺion Rs. 875,000 plu 500 million Rs. 2,075,000 p 2000 million	im is 0.15% p.a on amou is 0.08% p.a on amou lus 0.06% p.a on amou lus 0.05% p.a on amou	unt exceeding Rs.
PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION O Annual fee		Note 11.1	2018 (Rupees 5.304	2017 in '000) 5.897

11.1 Under the provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 a collective investment scheme categorised as a equity scheme is required to pay as annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, an amount equal to 0.095 percent of the average annual net assets of the scheme. The fee is payable annually in arrears.

Provision for Federal Excise Duty and additional		
sales tax on management fee12.1Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund12.2Zakat payable12.2Printing chargesAuditors' remunerationSecurity transaction costsWithholding tax payable	21,075 2,810 783 273 607	55,961 21,075 1,891 1,523 457 340 24 31,271

11.

12.1 As per the requirement of the Finance Act, 2013, Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company has been applied effective from June 13, 2013. The Management Company is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED results in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of the law, hence, a petition was collectively filed by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan along-with Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited with the Sindh High Court (SHC) on September 04, 2013.

While disposing the above petition through order dated July 16, 2016, the SHC declared the said provisions to be ultra vires and as a result no FED is payable with effect from July 01, 2011. However, the tax authorities subsequently filed appeal against the decision of the SHC in the Supreme Court of Pakistan, which is pending for the decision.

The Finance Act, 2016 excluded the mutual funds from the levy of FED with effect from July 01, 2016. therefore, no provision is charged during the year ending June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

However, since the appeal is pending in Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Management Company, as a matter of abundant caution, has made a provision on FED on remuneration of Management Company, aggregating to Rs. 55.961 million (2017: Rs. 55.961 million). Had the provision not being made, the Net Asset Value per certificate as at June 30, 2018 would have been higher by Rs. 0.20 (2017: Rs. 0.20) per certificate.

12.2 The Finance Act 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes (CISs) / mutual funds whose income exceeds Rs. 0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honorable High Court of Sindh, challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

The Finance Act 2015 incorporated an amendment in WWF Ordinance by excluding CIS from the definition of Industrial Establishment, and consequently CIS are no more liable to pay contribution to WWF with effect from July 1, 2015.

Subsequently, the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) vide its letter dated July 15, 2010 clarified that "Mutual Fund(s) is a product which is being managed / sold by the Asset Management Companies which are liable to contribute towards Workers Welfare Fund under Section 4 of the WWF Ordinance. However, the income on Mutual Fund(s), the product being sold, is exempted under the law ibid".

Further, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) issued a letter dated October 6, 2010 to the Members (Domestic Operation) North and South FBR. In the letter, reference was made to the clarification issued by the Ministry stating that mutual funds are a product and their income are exempted under the law ibid. The Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue directed that the Ministry's letter may be circulated amongst field formations for necessary action. Following the issuance of FBR Letter, show cause notice which were issued by taxation office to certain mutual funds for payment of levy under WWF were withdrawn. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter January 4, 2011 has cancelled ab-initio clarificatory letter dated October 6, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds and issued show cause notices to certain mutual funds for collecting WWF. In respect of such show cause notices, certain mutual funds have been granted stay by Honorable High Court of Sindh on the basis of the pending constitutional petition in the said court as referred above.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Larger Bench of the Sindh High Court (SHC) issued a judgment in response to a petition in another similar case in which it is held that the amendments introduced in the WWF Ordinance through Finance Acts, 2006 and 2008 do not suffer from any constitutional or legal infirmity.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Peshawar High Court on a petition filed by certain aggrieved parties (other than the mutual funds) has adjudicated that the amendments introduced in the Workers Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Acts of 1996 and 2009 lacks the essential mandate to be introduced and passed through the money bill under the Constitution of Pakistan and hence have been declared as ultra vires the Constitution.

The Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) passed a judgment on November 10, 2016, deciding that amendments made through the Finance Acts through which WWF was levied are unlawful, as such are not in nature of tax; therefore, it could not be introduced through the money bill. However, the Federal Board of Revenue has filed a review petition in the SCP against the said judgment, which is pending for hearing in the SCP.

Further, the Government of Sindh also introduced levy of the Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) through the Sindh Workers' Welfare Act, 2014. The Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan, in the previous years based on opinion obtained from the tax consultants, concluded that SWWF is not applicable on mutual funds. MUFAP also wrote to the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) that mutual funds are not establishments and are pass through vehicles; therefore, they do not have any worker and, as a result, no SWWF is payable by them. SRB responded that since mutual funds

are included in definition of financial institutions in the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finance) Ordinance, 2001, and thus SWWF is payable by them. MUFAP has taken up the matter with the concerned ministry [Sindh Finance Ministry] for appropriate resolution of the matter.

Considering the above developments, the Management Company assessed the position of the Fund with regard to reversal of provision of WWF and recognition of provision of SWWF, and decided that:

- The Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) should be recognized from July 01, 2014, and
- Provision computed for SWWF should be adjusted against provision of WWF, as the SCP declared WWF unlawful. It was also decided that if any further provision is required, then it should be recognized in books of the Fund. If provision of WWF is in excess of provision required for SWWF, the remaining provision of WWF should be carried forward unless further clarification is received from the MUFAP.

As a result, the Management Company assessed that no further provision is required for SWWF and additional provision of WWF should be carried forward till the matter is cleared.

In the wake of the aforesaid developments, the MUFAP called its Extraordinary General Meeting (EOGM) on January 11, 2017, wherein the MUFAP recommended to its members that effective from January 12, 2017, Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) recognised earlier should be reversed in light of the decision made by the Supreme Court of Pakistan; and Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) should be recognized effective from May 21, 2015.

MUFAP also communicated the above-mentioned decisions to the Securities and Exchange of Commission (SECP) through its letter dated January 12, 2017, and the SECP through its letter dated February 01, 2017, advised that the adjustment should be prospective and supported by adequate disclosures.

As a result of the above recommendations of the MUFAP, the Fund on January 12, 2017, reversed the provision of WWF amounting to Rs. 60.378 million. Further, the Fund has recognised provision for SWWF amounting to Rs. 21.075 million (2017: 21.075 million) in these financial statements. Had the provision not being made, the net asset value per unit as at June 30, 2018 would have been higher by Rs. 0.0742 (2017: Rs. 0.0742) per certificate.

13. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2018 Number of d	2017 certificates in '000		2018 (Rup	2017 ees in '000)
272,875 11,250	272,875 11,250	Fully paid ordinary certificates of Rs. 10 each Issued for cash Issued as bonus certificates	2,728,750 112,500	2,728,750 112,500
284,125	284,125	-	2,841,250	2,841,250

14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

			2018	2017
15.	NET ASSETS VALUE PER CERTIFICATE	Note	(Rupe	es in '000)
	Total net assets-Rupees in thousands Total certificates in issue-in thousand Net assets value per certificate - Rupees		5,435,289 284,125 19.13	6,330,569 284,125 22.28
16.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION			
	Annual audit fee Fee for half yearly review Other certifications and out of pocket		360 173 440	360 173 97
			973	630

17. TAXATION

No provision for taxation has been made as the Fund has incurred a net loss and as such is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Fund is also exempt from provision of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Hence, no provision with respect to tax has been recognized in the 'Income statement'.

(LOSS) / EARNING PER CERTIFICATE			2018 (Rupees i	2017 n '000)		
There is no dilutive effect on earning per o	certificate as com	puted below:				
Net (loss) / income for the year after taxa	tion	(358,696)	848,003		
			Number of Certificates			
Weighted average number of certificates-	in thousands		284,125	284,125		
(Loss) / earning per certificate			Rupees in '00 (1.26)	0 2.98		
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORYAs on Ju			2018			
-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	Available for sale	Loans and receivables	Total		
Assets		Rupees in '	000			
Bank balances Investments Dividend and Profit receivable	۔ 2,667,725 -	371,142 - 79,037	- 2,511,445 -	371,142 5,179,170 79,037		
	2,667,725	450,179	2,511,445	5,629,349		
		/	As at June 30, 2018	3		
		At fair value through profit or loss	Other financial liabilities	Total		
Liabilities			Rupees in '000'			
Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Trustee Payable against purchase of investment Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend		- - - -	9,511 377 13,183 3,866 86,271 113,208	9,511 377 13,183 3,866 86,271 113,208		
	There is no dilutive effect on earning per of Net (loss) / income for the year after taxa Weighted average number of certificates- (Loss) / earning per certificate FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY Assets Bank balances Investments Dividend and Profit receivable Liabilities Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Trustee Payable against purchase of investment Accrued expenses and other liabilities	There is no dilutive effect on earning per certificate as com Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation Weighted average number of certificates- in thousands (Loss) / earning per certificate FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY	There is no dilutive effect on earning per certificate as computed below: Net (loss) / income for the year after taxation Weighted average number of certificates- in thousands (Loss) / earning per certificate FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- held for trading Assets Assets Rupees in ' Bank balances Investments Dividend and Profit receivable C.G.G.7.25 C.G.G.7.2	(LOSS) / EARNING PER CERTIFICATE		

	As on June 30, 2017			
Assets	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	sale	Loans and receivables	Total
		Rupees in	'000	
Bank balances Investments Dividend and Profit receivable	3,430,762 -	350,631 - 66,857	2,664,461 -	350,631 6,095,223 66,857
	3,430,762	417,488	2,664,461	6,512,711
		At fair value	s at June 30, 201 Other	7
		through profit or loss		Total
Liabilities			Rupees in '000'-	
Payable to the Management Company		-	11,075	11,075
Payable to the Trustee		-	862	862
Payable against purchase of investment		-	4,108	4,108
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		-	2,320	2,320
Unclaimed dividend		-	81,250	81,250
		-	99,615	99,615

20. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Connected persons include HBL Asset Management Limited being the Management Company, Habib Bank Limited being the Sponsor, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of the Fund, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, directors and officers of the Management Company, directors of connected persons and persons having 10% or more beneficial ownership of the units of the Fund.

Transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to Management Company and Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively.

Details of the transactions with connected persons and balances with them, if not disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

=

20.1	Transactions during the year	2018 (Ru	2017 upees in '000)
	HBL Asset Management Limited	(
	Remuneration of Management Company Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of Management Company Reimbursement of Fund Operations, accounting and Related costs	111,662 14,516 5,583	124,151 16,140 6,252
	Habib Bank Limited - Sponsor		
	Dividend Income	3,375	12,060
	Profit on bank deposits	465	

MCB Bank Limited

20.2

Connected Person Due to Holding more than 10% Certificate

Profit on bank deposits	7,107	13,116
Dividend Income	10,252	12,288
Bank charges	92	12
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Remuneration	4,708	5,061
CDC Connection charges	968	491
Balances outstanding at the year end		
HBL Asset Management Limited		
Payable to the Management Company	9,058	10,548
Sindh Sales tax payable on remuneration to management company	1,178	1,372
Allocation of expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services	453	527
Habib Bank Limited - Sponsor		
Certificates held: 48,662,161 (2017: 48,662,161 certificates) Bank balance	486,622	486,621
Associated Companies		
Jubilee General Insurance Company Limited		
Certificates held: 100,379 (2017: 107,879 certificates)	1,004	1,078
Jubilee General Insurance Company Limited Staff Provident Fund Trust		
Certificates held: 118,454 (2017: 118,454 certificates)	1,184	1,184
Jubilee General Insurance Company Limited Gratuity Fund Trust		
Certificates held: 224,000 (2017: 224,000 certificates)	2,240	2,240
Aga Khan University Employees Provident Fund Trust		
Certificates held: 588,000 (2017: 588,000 certificates)	5,880	5,880

	2018 (R	2017 Supees in '000)
Aga Khan University Employees Gratuity Fund Trust		
Certificates held: 138,000 (2017: 138,000 certificates)	1,380	1,380
MCB Bank Limited		
Connected Person Due to Holding more than 10% Certificate		
Bank balance	106,436	97,311
Certificates held: 66,090,021 (2017: 48,042,021 certificates)	660,900	480,420
Profit receivable	490	761
Central Depository Company Of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Trustee fee payable	385	965
Security deposit held	300	200
CDC Charges Payable	36	73
Directors and Executives of the Management Company		
Certificates held: 26,195 (2017: 5,678 certificates)	262	57

21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Fund's risk management policies.

The Fund's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Fund, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

21.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure in marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee of the Fund and the regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

21.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present, is not exposed to currency risk as its all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

21.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Fund's interest rate risk arises from the balances in savings accounts. The net income for the period would have increased / (decreased) by Rs. 3.711 million (2017 : Rs 3.507 million), had the interest rates on savings accounts with banks increased / (decreased) by 100 basis points.

b) Fair value interest rate risk

Since the Fund currently does not have any fixed rate instruments that are impacted by market interest rates, therefore, it is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

21.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Fund and classified on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss held for trading' and 'available for sale'. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Fund diversifies its portfolio within the eligible stocks prescribed in the Trust Deed. The Fund's constitutive document / regulations also limit individual equity securities to no more than 10% of net assets, or issued capital of the investee company, whichever is lower, and sector exposure limit to 30% of net assets. However, relaxation in this regard has been obtained from the regulators in respect of frozen investments classified as 'available for sale' as disclosed in note 6.2.

In case of 5% increase / decrease in the fair value of the Fund's equity securities on June 30, 2018, net assets of the Fund would have increased / decreased by Rs. 133.386 million (2017: Rs. 171.538 million) as a result of gains / losses on equity securities in 'fair value through profit and loss - held-for-trading' category, with corresponding effect on operating income reported in 'Income statement'.

In case of 5% increase / decrease in the fair value of the Fund's equity securities on June 30, 2018, net assets of the Fund would have increased / decreased by Rs. 125.572 million (2017: Rs. 140.104 million) as a result of gains / losses on equity securities in 'available for sale' category, with corresponding effect on other comprehensive income reported in 'Statement of comprehensive income'.

21.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if the counter parties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund's credit risk mainly arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions and credit exposure arising as a result of dividend receivable on equity securities and profit receivable on bank deposits.

Management of credit risk

JS Bank Limited

For banks and financial institutions, the Fund keeps deposits with reputed institutions. Credit risk on account of dividend receivable is minimal due to the statutory protections. All transactions in listed securities are settled / paid for upon delivery using the system of National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited. The risk of default in these transactions is considered minimal due to inherent systematic measures taken therein. The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee, its Trust Deed and the requirements of the NBFC rules and the regulations and the guidelines given by the SECP from time to time.

The analysis below summaries the credit quality of the balances in deposit accounts with Banks with which the Fund has kept such balances as at June 30, 2018:

Name of banks	Balances held by the Fund as at June 30, 2018	Latest available published rating as at June 30, 2018	Rating agency
Savings Accounts			
MCB Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited	106,436 392	AA- AAA	PACRA JCR-VIS

264,314

AA-

PACRA

Name of banks	Balances held by the Fund as at June 30, 2017	Published rating as at June 30, 2017	Rating agency
Savings Accounts			
NIB Bank Limited (merged into MCB on July 7, 2017) JS Bank Limited	97,311 253,320 350,631	A1+ A1+	PACRA PACRA

The maximum exposure to credit risk before considering any collateral as at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 is the carrying amount of the financial assets. Investments in equity securities, however, are not exposed to credit risk. None of these assets are 'impaired' nor 'past due but not impaired'.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

21.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through other facilities. The Fund manages the liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash balance with banks and marketable securities.

The Fund has a policy to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed off. The Fund's listed securities are considered readily realisable, as they are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The Fund is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as all obligations / commitments of the Fund are short-term in nature and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity and significant assets of the Fund are readily disposable in the market.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	As at June 30, 2018				
	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Total	
Liabilities		(Rupees	in '000)		
Payable to the Management Company	9,511	-	-	9,511	
Payable to the Trustee	377	-	-	377	
Payable against purchase of investment	13,183	-	-	13,183	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,866	-	-	3,866	
Unclaimed dividend	86,271	-	-	86,271	
	113,208			113,208	

	As at June 30, 2017				
	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Total	
Liabilities		(Rupees	in '000)		
Payable to the Management Company	11,075	-	-	11,075	
Payable to the Trustee	862	-	-	862	
Payable against purchase of investment	4,108	-	-	4,108	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,320	-	-	2,320	
Unclaimed dividend	81,250	-	-	81,250	
	99,615	_		99,615	

22. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on the quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is current bid price.

"A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Fair value measurements using Inputs for assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

HBL INVESTMENT FUND (FORMERLY PICIC INVESTMENT FUND) Notes To The Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

					June 3	0, 2018				
			arrying am				Fair Value			
	Note	Fair value through prof or loss - helo for trading	it for-sale I	Loans and receivables	Othe financ assets liabiliti	ial s /	Level 1	Level 2	Level	3 Total
On-balance sheet financial instruments		-			(Rup	oees in '000)				
Financial assets measured at fair value										
Investments - Listed equity securities		2,667,725	2,511,445	-	-	5,179,170	5,179,170	-	-	5,179,17
		2,667,725	2,511,445	-	-	5,179,170	5,179,170	-	-	5,179,17
Financial assets not measured at fair value										
Bank balances		-	-	371,142	-	371,142				
Dividend and Profit receivable		-	-	79,037	-	79,037				
		-	-	450,179	-	450,179				
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	2									
Payable to Management Company			-	-	9,511	9,511				
Payable to Trustee			-	-	377	377				
Payable against purchase of investment			-	-	13,183	13,183				
Accrued expenses and other liabilities			-	-	3,866	3,866				
Unclaimed dividend			-	-	86,271	86,271				
			-	-	113,208	113,208				
					lune 2	0 2017				
		(Carrying amo	ount	Julie 5	0, 2017		Fair Valu	Je	
		Fair value		Loans and	Othe		Level 1	Level 2	Level	3 Total
		through prof or loss - held for trading	ł	receivable	s financ assets liabiliti	s /				
On-balance sheet financial instruments					(Ruj	pees in '000)				
Financial assets measured at fair value										
							6,095,223	-	-	6,095,22
Investments - Listed equity securities		3,430,762	2,664,461	-	-	6,095,223	, ,			
Investments - Listed equity securities		3,430,762		-	-	6,095,223	·	-	-	6,095,22
				-	-		·	-		6,095,22
Financial assets not measured at fair value				-	-	6,095,223	·	_	-	<u>6,095,22</u>
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances				- 350,631	-	6,095,223 350,631	·		-	6,095,22
Financial assets not measured at fair value		3,430,762	2,664,461	- 350,631 66,857	-	6,095,223 350,631 66,857	·	-	-	<u>6,095,22</u>
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances				- 350,631	-	6,095,223 350,631	·	-	-	6,095,22
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances	2	3,430,762	2,664,461	- 350,631 66,857	-	6,095,223 350,631 66,857	·	-	-	6,095,2
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances Dividend and Profit receivable	2	3,430,762	2,664,461	- 350,631 66,857	-	6,095,223 350,631 66,857	·	-	-	<u>6,095,22</u>
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances Dividend and Profit receivable Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	2	3,430,762	2,664,461	- 350,631 66,857	-	6,095,223 350,631 66,857 417,488	·	-	-	6,095,22
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances Dividend and Profit receivable Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Payable to Management Company	2	3,430,762	2,664,461	- 350,631 66,857	- - - 11,075	6,095,223 350,631 66,857 417,488 11,075	·	-	-	6,095,22
Financial assets not measured at fair value Bank balances Dividend and Profit receivable Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Payable to Management Company Payable to Trustee	2	3,430,762	2,664,461	- 350,631 66,857	- - - 11,075 862	6,095,223 350,631 66,857 417,488 11,075 862	·	-	-	<u>6,095,22</u>

81,250

99,615

81,250

99,615

Unclaimed dividend

The Fund has not disclosed the fair values for these financial assets and financial liabilities, as these are either short term in nature or repriced periodically. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

Transfers during the year

There were no transfers between various levels of fair value hierarchy during the year.

23. LIST OF TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID / PAYABLE

Top ten brokers during the year ended June 30, 2018

- 1 Next Capital Limited
- 2 Intermarket Securities Limited
- 3 Insight Securities (Private) Limited
- 4 DJM Securities (Private) Limited
- 5 Taurus Securities Limited
- 6 Optimus Capital Management (Private) Limited
- 7 BMA Capital Management Limited
- 8 EFG Hermes Pakistan Limited
- 9 JS Global Capital Limited
- 10 IGI Finex Securities Limited

Top ten brokers during the year ended June 30, 2017

- 1 Askari Securities Limited
- 2 BMA Capital Management
- 4 DJM Securities (Private) Limited
- 5 Elixir Securities Pakistan (Private) Limited
- 3 Global Securities Pakistan Limited
- 7 IGI Finex Securities Limited
- 6 JS Global Capital Limited
- 8 Next Capital Limited
- 9 Taurus Securities Limited
- 10 WE Financial Services Limited

24. PARTICULARS OF THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND THE FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund as on June 30, 2018 are as follows:

S.no.	Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
1	Farid Ahmed Khan	Chief Executive Officer	CFA, MBA	25+
2	Muhammad Imran	Chief Investment Officer	MBA - Finance	18+
3	Jawad Naeem	Specialist - Equity	MBA	10+
4	Adeel Abdul Wahab	Specialist - Equity	ACCA	10+
5	Noman Ameer	Manager Risk	MBA - Finance	11+
6	Sateesh Balani	Head of Research	CFA, MBA	7+

26. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

-----As at June 30, 2018 -----

Category	Number unit holde	of Number of ers units held	Investment amount	Percentage
		(Rupee	s in '000)	
Individuals Associated Companies and Directors Insurance Companies NIT and ICP Bank/DFIs NBFCs Foreign companies Modarabas Others	15,152 11 15 19 24 1 3 4 100	102,423,228 60,026,037 5,936,530 40,900 75,616,997 4,748 23,816,706 6,084 16,253,770	1,024,233 600,260 59,365 409 756,170 47 238,167 61 162,538	36.05% 21.13% 2.09% 0.01% 26.61% 0.00% 8.38% 0.00% 5.72%
	15,329	284,125,000	2,841,250	100.00%

	As at June 30, 2017				
Category	Number of unit holder	Number of s units held	Investment amount	Percentage	
	-	(Rupees in '000)			
Individuals Associated Companies and Directors Insurance Companies Bank/DFIs NBFCs Foreign companies Others	15,380 9 15 26 27 3 101	103,205,836 49,844,172 5,936,530 75,661,917 10,225,580 23,152,706 16,098,259	1,032,058 498,442 59,365 756,619 102,256 231,527 160,983	36.32% 17.54% 2.09% 26.63% 3.60% 8.15% 5.67%	
	15,561	284,125,000	2,841,250	100.00%	

26. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Five meetings of the Board of Directors were held on August 25, 2017, October 27, 2017, November 23, 2017, February 26, 2018 and April 23, 2018 respectively. Information in respect of the attendance by the Directors in the meetings is given below:

S.No.	Name of Director	Number of meetings		tings	Meetingenet attended	
5.110.	Name of Director	Held	Attended	Leave	Meetings not attended	
1	Mr. Agha Char Chah 1	2	2			
1	Mr. Agha Sher Shah ¹	2	Z	-	-	
2	Mr. Farid Ahmed Khan	5	5	-	-	
3	Ms. Ava A. Cowasjee	5	3	2	November 23, 2017 & April 23, 2018	
4	Mr. Rayomond H. Kotwal	5	5	-	-	
5	Mr. Rizwan Haider	5	4	1	October 27,2017	
6	Mr. Shabbir Hussain Hashmi ²	1	1	-	-	
7	Mr. Shahid Ghaffar ³	2	1	1	February 26,2018	
8	Mr. Nadeem Abdullah ⁴	4	4	-	-	
9	Mr. Towfiq Habib Chinoy⁵	3	3	-	-	
10	Mr. Salahuddin Manzoor ⁶	3	3	-	-	
1 2	Appointed on November 23, Appointed on February 26, 20					

Appointed on February 26, 2018 3 Appointed on December 4, 2017

4

Resigned on February 26, 2018 Resigned on November 23, 2017 5

Resigned on November 30, 2017 6

27. **TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO**

In accordance with the directive 23 of 2016 dated July 20, 2016 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the total expense ratio of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2018 is 2.87% (2017: 2.97%) which includes 0.38% (2017: 0.64%) representing government levy and SECP fee.

28. NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER REPORTING DATE - CONVERSION FROM CLOSED END FUND TO OPEN END **SCHEME**

As disclosed in note 1.5, the Fund converted into an open end scheme effective July 2, 2018. The net assets attributed to the Class A units and Class B units as per conversion plan are as follows;

Assets	Class A	Class B	Total
		Rupees in '000'	
Bank balances	-	371,142	371,142
Investments	2,511,445	2,667,725	5,179,170
Dividend and profit receivable	71,066	7,971	79,037
Deposits and prepayments	100	3,217	3,317
	2,582,611	3,050,055	5,632,666

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Liabilities

Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Payable against purchase of investments Accrued expenses and other liabilities Unclaimed dividend		10,689 421 5,304 13,183 81,509 86,271 197,377	10,689 421 5,304 13,183 81,509 86,271 197,377
Net Assets as at June 30, 2018	2,582,611	2,852,678	5,435,289
Number of units allotted	284,125	284,125	
Net assets value per unit	9.09	10.04	

29. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 31, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

30. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged or reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of better presentation. No significant rearrangement or reclassification was made in these financial statements during the current year.

31. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees.

For HBL Asset Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Rupees	in	'000'
---------------	----	-------

INCOME	
Management fee	111,663
Dividend income	-
	111,663

EXPENSES

Salaries and allowances	35,198
Defined benefit plan	539
Directors remuneration	109
Office rent	4,283
Telephone expenses	364
Electricity and water charges	853
Office Repair & maintenance	1,872
Traveling and conveyance	236
Printing and stationary	343
Fee and subscription	1,203
Internal auditors remuneration	421
Insurance Expenses	631
Information technology expenses	1,785
Auditors' remuneration	161
Marketing expenses	1,670
Distribution expenses	-
News papers & periodicals	2
Postage	250
Depreciation	1,672
Amortization of intangible asset	257
Security / Cleaning expenses	83
Writen off fixed assets	-
Miscellaneous	407
Finance Cost	26,605
Workers Welfare Fund	593
	80,004
Profit before taxation	31,659
Taxation - current	24,158
Profit after taxation	7,501

Note: Other revenue and expenses not relating to the scheme have not been included in the above statement.



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